

After Massive Election Victory

Mrs. Bandaranaike Retakes Ceylon Helm Amid Violence

COLOMBO, May 29 (Reuters).—Violence erupted in Ceylon today as Mrs. Sirimavo Bandaranaike, after a massive election victory, was being sworn in for her second term as prime minister.

A policeman was killed in riots at Dedigama—the constituency of ousted Prime Minister Dudley Senanayake. And a crowd of Mrs. Bandaranaike's supporters attacked the Colombo offices of Associated Newspapers of Ceylon, a symbol of right-wing opposition to her United Front Coalition, in which two Communist parties are her allies.

Police headquarters here could not say how the policeman was killed at Dedigama, and they would not confirm reports of rioting in other parts of the country.

[Mrs. Bandaranaike, 54, was sworn into office in a quiet ceremony conducted by Governor General William Gopallawa, the Associated Press reported. Later, she told her nation over Radio Ceylon tonight that "radical reforms will have to be initiated" to carry on "the great social revolution" begun by her husband, Prime Minister Solomon Bandaranaike, before he was assassinated in 1959.

[She did not spell out the reforms, but her coalition had earlier pledged to nationalize eight foreign banks, take over imports of essential commodities and exert greater control over British agencies that manage rubber, tea and coconut plantations.

[Mrs. Bandaranaike urged the nation to celebrate her victory "with caution and restraint." Police Gas Crowds

During the attack on the newspaper offices, police made baton charges and used teargas to try to control the crowd, but some demonstrators fought their way through to the building and broke in.

They set fire to papers and files, wrecked furniture, smashed windows and tore down the building's neon sign. The group's distribution vans were damaged and its members' newspapers cannot be published.

Wildly cheering crowds exploded firecrackers and waved flags as Mrs. Bandaranaike—the world's first female prime minister when she was elected in 1960—drove to the governor-general's residence today. Immediately after the swearing-in, the prime minister attended a Buddhist service.

Communist Allies Her United Front cabinet is expected to include Dr. N. M. Perera, leader of the Trotskyite Lanka Sama Samaja party, and Dr. S. A. Wickremesinghe, leader of the pro-Moscow Communists.

Although her Sri Lanka (Freedom) party won a comfortable margin with 80 seats in the 152-member House of Representatives in Wednesday's general election, she needs to accommodate her partners because they control key unions.

Mrs. Bandaranaike's resumption of Ceylon's helm makes it the first time that there are three woman prime ministers in the world. The others are Mrs. Indira Gandhi of India and Israel's Mrs. Golda Meir. All are widows, with children.

Gen. Prapras, who is also head of the Thai armed forces, said he had refused a request for Thai air support because the planes are needed at home, but had promised to cooperate in joint aerial reconnaissance of the land and sea borders of the two countries.

Thailand and Cambodia also agreed to coordinate control of their common frontier, including the extradition of fugitives from justice and official exchange of information, he said.

Official sources here said yesterday that the Thai government had strengthened its forces on the Cambodian border and ordered a full alert, with round-the-clock patrols.

The general said Thailand could not afford to supply Cambodia with weapons and ammunition, but he would not object if the United States wanted to send arms to Phnom Penh through Thailand.

No Troops Gen. Prapras was more expansive in his own capital than he had been in Phnom Penh, where he told reporters that Thai troops will not be committed to Cambodia, although the military situation there is critical.

But informed sources here today suggested that the question of sending Thai troops is a live political issue. They interpreted the general's statement that he had not rejected the Cambodian request to mean the Thai government will hold further discussions with Cambodia.

They noted that parliamentary members of the ruling United Thai People's party called on the government yesterday to raise a volunteer force for Cambodia.

Cambodia first asked Thailand for military aid following the renewal of diplomatic relations between the two countries on May 12.

Thailand has 12,000 volunteer troops currently serving in Vietnam at the request of the Saigon government.

Musician Killed NATCHICHOES, La., May 29 (UPI).—Gene Davis, 58, a bass player in the Fats Domino band, was killed Wednesday and three other band members were injured in a car-truck collision, police said.

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ARMY RESCUE—Romanian soldiers man military barges to

Appeal for World Aid

Continuing Floods Are Called Romania's Worst Disaster

By Dan Morgan

BEograd, May 29 (WP).—The full extent of Romanian flood damage is emerging here from reports that indicate the country has suffered one of its worst natural disasters in recent history. The true magnitude of the damage has been passed over by much of the world, partly because the Romanian government has avoided sensational public appeals for international relief.

Instead, the Bucharest government has chosen to make a quiet appeal for material aid, through its embassies abroad, to every country with which it has relations.

In 1963, when an earthquake leveled the Yugoslav town of Skopje, the Belgrade government called openly for assistance and was the beneficiary of a huge international relief operation. But, so far, aid to Romania has been small in relation to the actual need, officials say.

A number of towns are literally fighting for survival, and officials say that the worst is yet to come. Two new high-water "waves" are foreseen for the first half of June. The first is predicted for June 4 to 6 and the second a week later. Based on temperatures in mountains, the volume and speed of water moving in tributaries upstream and predicted rainfall, the danger of floods can be calculated with great accuracy.

A few figures collected here indicate the scope of the disaster. An estimated 265,000 persons are homeless. That is roughly twice the number put out of their homes in the Skopje tragedy.

Some 35,000 houses have been ruined or swept away, 145 persons are dead and 23 are missing. About 30,000 head of cattle have been drowned and over two million acres of land, half of it cultivated, are under water. One hundred miles of railroad lines have been destroyed.

Red Cross Aid GENEVA, May 29 (AP).—Communist China was disclosed today to be the largest single contributor so far to a Red Cross appeal to aid the victims of the Romanian flood disaster, described by officials of the League of Red Cross Societies here as one of the worst in the 20th century.

Jon Datoiu, Romanian Ambassador to the European Office of the United Nations, told reporters that total damage is believed to exceed that suffered by Romania during all of World War II.

Red Cross officials announced that 30 national Red Cross societies have so far contributed more than \$200,000 to the aid drive. Communist China led with a cash grant of \$418,600.

French Minister Urges EEC To Create European Money

VENICE, May 29 (AP).—Valéry Giscard d'Estaing, the French finance minister, was reported today to be urging other countries in the European Common Market to move toward the creation of a European currency that would rival the U.S. dollar.

Mr. Giscard d'Estaing spoke at a closed-door meeting of finance ministers from the Common Market countries: France, West Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, Belgium and Luxembourg.

Officials who attended the meeting said that Mr. Giscard d'Estaing had said that the Common Market should be a "European market" and that it should be a "European market" that would rival the U.S. dollar.

He wants to see a European stabilization fund set up by 1974. During this period, he wants to narrow the range in which the currencies of the Common Market countries are permitted to fluctuate. Under present rules, they can rise or drop 7.5 of 1 percent above or below a fixed value, set in terms of U.S. dollars.

When the value of a European currency threatens to go through the ceiling, the country boys dollars with it until the rate goes down again. When the value of a European currency is on the

floor, the country must sell dollars to buy it up.

Mr. Giscard d'Estaing would like to see the Common Market countries perform this operation with one another's currencies, rather than with dollars.

The stabilization fund was part of a plan proposed by Pierre Werner, Luxembourg's premier and finance minister, to bring about a West European economic and monetary union by the end of the decade.

Two Opposing Groups There are two opposing groups in the Common Market. One led by France, wants to give priority to organizing a system of support for one another's currencies. The other, led by West Germany and the Netherlands, wants to see economic policies coordinated first, arguing that much less support of currencies would be needed if the right economic policies were settled first.

The stabilization fund proposal got support today from Baron Jean-Charles Snoy, the Belgian minister of finance. Karl Schiller, the West German minister of economics, was reported to have expressed opposition.

Mr. Werner also proposed that the member governments agree with one another on the main points of their budgets before submitting them to their national parliaments.

aid the inhabitants of a flooded town in the Alba area.

Soviet Author Amahrik Sent To Prison Far From Moscow

By Anthony Astrachan

MOSCOW, May 29 (WP).—Disident author Andrei Amahrik, who was arrested last week, has been taken from Moscow's Butyrka Prison to Sverdlovsk for investigation of his case, his friends said today.

Mr. Amahrik, author of "Will the Soviet Union Survive Until 1984?" is being investigated under Article 1 of the Russian Republic Criminal Code. It deals with "falsehoods derogatory to the Soviet state and social system."

Sverdlovsk, in the Ural Mountains 900 miles east of Moscow, is closed to foreigners. Holding him there will make it harder to learn what happens to him.

Sverdlovsk police helped arrest Amahrik, ostensibly because copies of his book in Russian were found there. It has not been published officially in the Soviet Union.

Mr. Amahrik was taken to Sverdlovsk Tuesday. His wife learned of this only after she went to Butyrka yesterday hoping to send a message to him through the prison authorities, the friends said.

Seven dissidents have signed a letter supporting Mr. Amahrik, addressed to the Soviet government and the United Nations.

It said that there can be no doubt of Mr. Amahrik's honesty, and that therefore he could not be guilty of spreading criminal falsehoods with premeditation, as the law specifies.

The letter also compared him to the most celebrated defendants in recent Moscow civil-rights trials—Andrei Sinavsky, Yuri Danilov, Alexander Ginzburg and Yuri Ginzburg.

"Unfortunately," the letter said, "the law courts did not take into account important legal arguments and sentenced them according to the tradition of the good old days—everybody was found guilty. This makes the difference between the laws and the law courts even more important."

The letter also called Mr. Amahrik's arrest "a surprising stupidity" from the authorities' point of view because it will result in increased circulation of his writings and of protests on his behalf.

The dissident signers thus agreed significantly with more orthodox Soviet citizens who have discussed freedom of expression with foreign writers and who suggested that dissenting authors such as the great novelist Alexander Solzhenitsyn should be officially printed.

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Irish Opposition Expects Election in Smuggling Crisis

DUBLIN, May 29 (UPI).—Ireland's main opposition party, Fine Gael, geared itself today for a snap general election following the upheavals within the ruling Fianna Fail party.

After an emergency meeting of its parliamentary party, Fine Gael said it had altered its organization for a general election, "which has become inevitable because of recent developments in Fianna Fail."

In a political atmosphere charged with tension, speculation and rumor, Prime Minister Jack Lynch fought to hold his government together after the arrest of two sacked cabinet ministers, accused of plotting to smuggle guns to Northern Ireland's Roman Catholic minority.

Charles Haughey, former minister of finance, and Neil T. Blaney, former minister of agriculture, and three other men were arrested yesterday and taken to a Dublin court. They were charged with conspiring to smuggle guns into the Republic from Northern Ireland.

Haughey and Blaney and two others were released on bail for one week. The fifth, John Kelly of Belfast, was remanded in custody.

A third former minister, Kevin Boland, who resigned in protest over the sackings, called yesterday for a special party meeting to elect a new leader.

Mr. Lynch, 53, faces his first political hurdle next Wednesday when Fianna Fail's parliamentary party is scheduled to meet.

He was expected to press for the expulsion of Mr. Boland, a powerful political figure within the party machine. Mr. Lynch's bid was likely to flush into the open the parliamentary backing for the sacked ministers.

LA special police guard was

thrown around the home of Attorney General Condo day after his family received threatening message. Assoc. Press reported. Mr. Condon, Ireland's top law officer, responsible for issuing warrants, yesterday's arrest of the former government ministers.

[Meanwhile, an opinion published in the Dublin magazine This Week reported, percent of voters felt that Lynch was correct in firing ministers. It said 64 percent of the voters interviewed felt the government should carry on. 31 percent favored an election, 5 percent were uncertain.]

Ex-President Of Argentina Disappears

BUENOS AIRES, May 29.—Former Argentine President Pedro Eugenio Aramburu disappeared from his home this morning, his family told police. He had been either kidnapped or arrested.

Mrs. Aramburu made no complaint to the police. She said that three men, dressed in military uniforms, came to the Aramburu home to see her husband, and appeared with him.

Neither the police nor military officials commented on the report. Mrs. Aramburu, 67, was president of Argentina from 1955 until he turned over his office to elected President Frondizi, in 1958.

Recently, he has been mentioned as a possible future replacement for President Juan Carlos Onganía, now completing his fourth year in office.

The Argentine government denied today that Mr. Aramburu had "disappeared" but did not comment on reports he had been kidnapped.

Interior Minister Francisco Saenz said according to the reports Mrs. Aramburu was by a daughter that her husband had been invited by the former men to "accompany" for reasons of security.

Gen. Inas said no order had been issued by either police or the military for Mr. Aramburu's disappearance. His statement thus refuted the supposition that Mr. Aramburu had been kidnapped.

As a retired general and politician, Mr. Aramburu was around the clock by police. He said he did not know why two men police guard duty when Mr. Aramburu disappeared.

Asian Task Force On Cambodia to Meet

NEW DELHI, May 29 (NYT).—The three-nation Asian task force set up by the recent talks conference on Cambodia met in New Delhi on June 1, 1, a Foreign Ministry spokesman confirmed today.

The task force comprises India, Indonesia and Malaysia. It set up by the 11 Asian states that attended the Djakarta talks two weeks ago to start immediate consultations with Soviet Union and Britain on to end the Cambodia conflict and find a solution to the Indian problem.

national security adviser, E. Haldeman. Mr. Nixon's chief staff, Mr. Ziegler.

Mr. Nixon left Knoxville the rally and flew to his retreat in San Clemente, Calif., a weekend rest.

Travel Report Denied SAN CLEMENTE, Calif., May 29 (Reuters).—A White House spokesman here today denied a report published in The Washington Tribune that the President was planning a visit to Scandinavia and Spain in July. The spokesman said the President had no sign travel plans.

Austria's Schueller Has 100th Birthday

WASHINGTON, May 29 (NYT).—Dr. Richard Schueller, who was Austria's minister to the League of Nations, yesterday celebrated his 100th birthday, receiving congratulations from his homeland.

Dr. Schueller, now a Washington resident, was credited with conducting the first trade negotiations following World War I. In 1918, following the Nazi takeover of Austria, Dr. Schueller emigrated to the United States, where from 1940 to 1952 he was a professor of economics at New York's New School for Social Research.

HARRY'S NEW YORK BAR & RESTAURANT, 1200-1201-1202-1203-1204-1205-1206-1207-1208-1209-1210-1211-1212-1213-1214-1215-1216-1217-1218-1219-1220-1221-1222-1223-1224-1225-1226-1227-1228-1229-1230-1231-1232-1233-1234-1235-1236-1237-1238-1239-1240-1241-1242-1243-1244-1245-1246-1247-1248-1249-1250-1251-1252-1253-1254-1255-1256-1257-1258-1259-1260-1261-1262-1263-1264-1265-1266-1267-1268-1269-1270-1271-1272-1273-1274-1275-1276-1277-1278-1279-1280-1281-1282-1283-1284-1285-1286-1287-1288-1289-1290-1291-1292-1293-1294-1295-1296-1297-1298-1299-1300-1301-1302-1303-1304-1305-1306-1307-1308-1309-1310-1311-1312-1313-1314-1315-1316-1317-1318-1319-1320-1321-1322-1323-1324-1325-1326-1327-1328-1329-1330-1331-1332-1333-1334-1335-1336-1337-1338-1339-1340-1341-1342-1343-1344-1345-1346-1347-1348-1349-1350-1351-1352-1353-1354-1355-1356-1357-1358-1359-1360-1361-1362-1363-1364-1365-1366-1367-1368-1369-1370-1371-1372-1373-1374-1375-1376-1377-1378-1379-1380-1381-1382-1383-1384-1385-1386-1387-1388-1389-1390-1391-1392-1393-1394-1395-1396-1397-1398-1399-1400-1401-1402-1403-1404-1405-1406-1407-1408-1409-1410-1411-1412-1413-1414-1415-1416-1417-1418-1419-1420-1421-1422-1423-1424-1425-1426-1427-1428-1429-1430-1431-1432-1433-1434-1435-1436-1437-1438-1439-1440-1441-1442-1443-1444-1445-1446-1447-1448-1449-1450-1451-1452-1453-1454-1455-1456-1457-1458-1459-1460-1461-1462-1463-1464-1465-1466-1467-1468-1469-1470-1471-1472-1473-1474-1475-1476-1477-1478-1479-1480-1481-1482-1483-1484-1485-1486-1487-1488-1489-1490-1491-1492-1493-1494-1495-1496-1497-1498-1499-1500-1501-1502-1503-1504-1505-1506-1507-1508-1509-1510-1511-1512-1513-1514-1515-1516-1517-1518-1519-1520-1521-1522-1523-1524-1525-1526-1527-1528-1529-1530-1531-1532-1533-1534-1535-1536-1537-1538-1539-1540-1541-1542-1543-1544-1545-1546-1547-1548-1549-1550-1551-1552-1553-1554-1555-1556-1557-1558-1559-1560-1561-1562-1563-1564-1565-1566-1567-1568-1569-1570-1571-1572-1573-1574-1575-1576-1577-1578-1579-1580-1581-1582-1583-1584-1585-1586-1587-1588-1589-1590-1591-1592-1593-1594-1595-1596-1597-1598-1599-1600-1601-1602-1603-1604-1605-1606-1607-1608-1609-1610-1611-1612-1613-1614-1615-1616-1617-1618-1619-1620-1621-1622-1623-1624-1625-1626-1627-1628-1629-1630-1631-1632-1633-1634-1635-1636-1637-1638-1639-1640-1641-1642-1643-1644-1645-1646-1647-1648-1649-1650-1651-1652-1653-1654-1655-1656-1657-1658-1659-1660-1661-1662-1663-1664-1665-1666-1667-1668-1669-1670-1671-1672-1673-1674-1675-1676-1677-1678-1679-1680-1681-1682-1683-1684-1685-1686-1687-1688-1689-1690-1691-1692-1693-1694-1695-1696-1697-1698-1699-1700-1701-1702-1703-1704-1705-1706-1707-1708-1709-1710-1711-1712-1713-1714-1715-1716-1717-1718-1719-1720-1721-1722-1723-1724-1725-1726-1727-1728-1729-1730-1731-1732-1733-1734-1735-1736-1737-1738-1739-1740-1741-1742-1743-1744-1745-1746-1747-1748-1749-1750-1751-1752-1753-1754-1755-1756-1757-1758-1759-1760-1761-1762-1763-1764-1765-1766-1767-1768-1769-1770-1771-1772-1773-1774-1775-1776-1777-1778-1779-1780-1781-1782-1783-1784-1785-1786-1787-1788-1789-1790-1791-1792-1793-1794-1795-1796-1797-1798-1799-1800-1801-1802-1803-1804-1805-1806-1807-1808-1809-1810-1811-1812-1813-1814-1815-1816-1817-1818-1819-1820-1821-1822-1823-1824-1825-1826-1827-1828-1829-1830-1831-1832-1833-1834-1835-1836-1837-1838-1839-1840-1841-1842-1843-1844-1845-1846-1847-1848-1849-1850-1851-1852-1853-1854-1855-1856-1857-1858-1859-1860-1861-1862-1863-1864-1865-1866-1867-1868-1869-1870-1871-1872-1873-1874-1875-1876-1877-1878-1879-1880-1881-1882-1883-1884-1885-1886-1887-1888-1889-1890-1891-1892-1893-1894-1895-1896-1897-1898-1899-1900-1901-1902-1903-1904-1905-1906-1907-1908-1909-1910-1911-1912-1913-1914-1915-1916-1917-1918-1919-1920-1921-1922-1923-1924-1925-1926-1927-1928-1929-1930-1931-1932-1933-1934-1935-1936-1937-1938-1939-1940-1941-1942-1943-1944-1945-1946-1947-1948-1949-1950-1951-1952-1953-1954-1955-1956-1957-1958-1959-1960-1961-1962-1963-1964-1965-1966-1967-1968-1969-1970-1971-1972-1973-1974-1975-1976-1977-1978-1979-1980-1981-1982-1983-1984-1985-1986-1987-1988-1989-1990-1991-1992-1993-1994-1995-1996-1997-1998-1999-2000-2001-2002-2003-2004-2005-2006-2007-2008-2009-2010-2011-2012-2013-2014-2015-2016-2017-2018-2019-2020-2021-2022-2023-2024-2025-2026-2027-2028-2029-2030-2031-2032-2033-2034-2035-2036-2037-2038-2039-2040-2041-2042-2043-2044-2045-2046-2047-2048-2049-2050-2051-2052-2053-2



GREATER VOTER APPEAL—Abandoning their locks for ballots, scores of Princeton students have submitted to conformity to go out and work for Perth Amboy attorney Lewis Kaden in his congressional bid. At left, a barber, happy to find a long-lost client, clips the hair of Fred Miller—all prim and prepared, at right.

Like Father Like Son, But Maybe Not

DEARBORN, Mich., May 29 (UPI)—John Jay Hubbard, 25, son of Mayor Orville Hubbard, wants to follow in his father's footsteps.

The trouble is his father is still standing in them.

Mayor Hubbard, 67, has announced he will seek a 14th term as mayor of this Detroit suburb in the Aug. 4 primary. He has been mayor of Dearborn for 29 years.

But son John, who has taken out petitions for the job, thinks: "I would make a hell of a good candidate and put up some opposition to him—at I'm not dumb enough to think I could beat him."

"And if I lose, I lose," says Mr. Hubbard. "What would happen to me? I might have to move out of town, of course."

His father, the mayor, who died at 88 percent of the vote two years ago, commented: "It's a free country."

Cancerous Cats May Infect By Scratches, Report Says

By Stuart Auerbach

WASHINGTON, May 29 (UPI)—Viruses that cause cancer in cats have infected and caused cancer-like cells in human growths in laboratory experiments, a team of scientists reported today.

"It is therefore conceivable that human cells that are quite susceptible to infection in vitro (in a test tube) may have some degree of susceptibility in vivo (in life) such as when the virus is introduced through a bite or scratch," the scientists said.

They emphasized, however, that there is "no evidence to implicate feline leukemia and sarcoma (hard tumor) viruses in human cancers."

"They called for more studies to see if cancer is being spread from the common cat to susceptible humans."

Unpublished studies have failed to find an abnormally high amount of cancer among people who own and work with cats. Other experts said that there is a great difference between inducing cancer-like growths in cells under laboratory conditions and infecting living humans, who have sophisticated defense mechanisms to ward off diseases.

Nevertheless, the research at three laboratories in suburban Maryland has moved scientists closer to discovering if and how viruses cause cancer in man.

"If we can understand it in animals," explained one scientist, "we may be able to use similar techniques to discover the viruses in man."

The report was published in Science Magazine. The experiments were performed by Drs. P. S. Sarma and Robert J. Rinehart of the National Cancer Institute, Drs. John P. Baker and Lee Verman of Microbiological Associates Inc., and Dr. Raymond V. Gilden of Flow Laboratories Inc.

Their findings followed reports last November that scientists at the National Cancer Institute and in Glasgow, Scotland, had grown cat leukemia viruses in human cells.

The experiments reported today represented the first time that scientists were able to cross the species barrier by making cancer cells from one animal grow in the tissue of another.

The team got their hard-tumor cancer viruses from a 5 1/2-year-old Siamese cat with naturally occurring tumors. The cat leukemia viruses came from cats suffering from the disease.

"These viruses were placed in glass laboratory dishes with cells from human embryos. Within 15 days, the hard-tumor viruses created in the human cells cancer-like changes that could be seen under a microscope. These growths became bigger until they turned into lumps that could be seen with the naked eye."

The human cells, however, proved to be 10 times less susceptible to the cat cancer viruses than cat cells were.

Saliva a Vehicle

Even so, the team of scientists reported their study "demonstrates the extreme susceptibility of human cells to the naturally occurring tumor viruses of the domestic cat."

The cat leukemia virus has been found in the saliva glands of leukemic cats.

Therefore, the scientists reported, a cat carrying the virus—whether or not it has clinical signs of leukemia—may be able to transmit it to a human through a bite or a scratch, especially around the mouth.

Whether this virus will cause cancer in humans is another question, however.

Dr. Murray B. Gardner of the University of Southern California, who has been working with the suburban Maryland scientists, said yesterday that the human body's defense mechanism probably would reject the cat viruses.

Jury Accuses Mitchell on Indictments

Panel Issues Report On Corruption Probe

BALTIMORE, May 29 (UPI)—Attorney General John N. Mitchell was strongly criticized by a special federal grand jury today for refusing to authorize new indictments based on the panel's investigation of government corruption.

The grand jury, impaneled here in early 1969, had returned a nine-count indictment last May against Joseph P. Doherty, a former post office official, accusing him of seeking a \$20,000 bribe from a local contractor.

The jury also conducted a long investigation of former Sen. Daniel R. Brewster, D. Md., that resulted in his indictment for bribery by a Washington grand jury in December.

Warren Taylor, deputy foreman of the jury, rose today in federal district court here to denounce the attorney general's actions.

Attorney Agrees

Mr. Taylor told Chief Judge Russell T. Ewell that Stephen Sachs, the U.S. attorney who led inquiries and produced evidence before the jury, agreed with the panel's decision to indict.

But, Mr. Taylor continued, Mr. Mitchell "has so far refused to authorize him to sign the indictment we believe to be appropriate."

Mr. Taylor asked that formal charges be brought by the Department of Justice based on the indictment.

After reading the draft indictment, Judge Thomson ordered it kept secret and instructed Mr. Sachs to send a copy of it to the attorney general.

One of the few remaining Democratic U.S. attorneys in the country, is to be replaced tomorrow by a Republican.

Judge Thomson also told Mr. Mitchell to inform the court within seven days whether he wanted the draft to remain secret or to be made public.

Mail Rate Involved

The indictments of Mr. Brewster allege that he received nearly \$25,000 in campaign contributions from mail order houses for his vote on a special third-class mail rate.

But the special rate has been known to have also been investigating construction contracts on a \$12-million underground parking garage built near the Rayburn House Office Building near the Capitol.

The panel is known to have investigated the possible involvement of Sen. Russell Long, D. La., in the connection with helping the contractor gain additional claims from the federal government for building expenses.

The contractor on the job was Baltimore Contractors Inc., whose chief executive officer is Victor Prentiss, a campaign contributor to the Democratic party.

Sen. Long has publicly denied any wrongdoing in connection with the project.

Geese Masters of Aerodynamics Scientists Learn Why Smart Birds Fly in 'V'

By Walter Sullivan

NEW YORK, May 29 (UPI)—Two specialists in aerodynamics have concluded that large migrating birds fly in V-formations because in that way each bird boosts the other, increasing flight range as much as 71 percent.

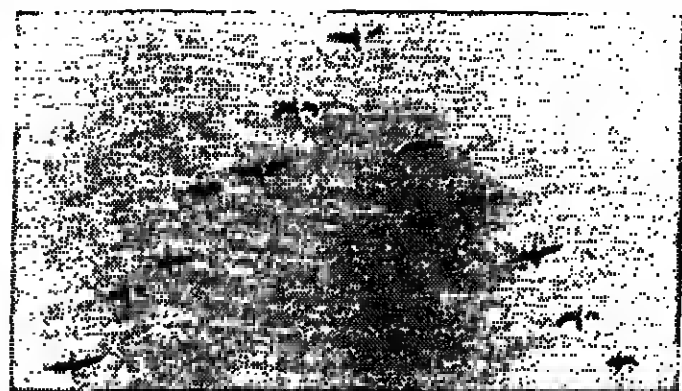
Calculations by the specialists at the California Institute of Technology show that each bird leaves a strong updraft off its wings. The bird following placed itself in the formation so as to take maximum advantage of this lift and gain greater range.

The optimum spacing of the birds, the specialists say, depends on the angle of the V. If a bird gets ahead of its proper position, it immediately senses its increased work load and drops back.

Hecking an Exhortation?

If it lags behind, it does less work than the others, and the two scientists suspect that "social pressure" forces it to stay in its proper spot.

Thus, the question arises: Is the constant honking of Canada



geese on the move a series of exhortations to the leader birds? The analysis was performed by Dr. Peter B. S. Lissaman and Carl A. Shollenberger. Dr. Lissaman has been a visiting professor at Caltech but has returned to the Northrop Corp., where he heads the Continuum Mechanics Laboratory. On the side he uses his knowledge of aerodynamics in designing high-performance sailboats.

Mr. Shollenberger is a graduate student at Caltech. Both scientists described their findings in telephone interviews yesterday. They had presented preliminary results in the May 22 issue of Science.

Updrafts Ease Flight

Their theory is derived almost entirely from the laws of aerodynamics, rather than from observations of birds in flight. However, they point out that the V-angles and spacings derived from their calculations are much like those seen in flights of migrating birds.

Mr. Lissaman said the up-

draft enabled each bird to fly forward more easily, much as a hawk or glider pilot takes advantage of updrafts. For birds in such an updraft, the most efficient flight mode is one that reduces forward speed while extending range.

Thus, according to the calculations, a flight of 25 birds that, by formation flying, increases its range 71 percent per unit of expended energy, will also reduce its speed 24 percent.

Mr. Lissaman pointed out that birds leaving a V-formation typically speed up and those joining the formation slow down. However, he said, it could be argued that a departing bird increases its speed merely to scout ahead, or it could be contended that a joining bird flies faster to overtake the formation.

The two scientists expressed hope that bird watchers would help them evaluate their theory. "It would be of great interest," they wrote, "to acquire good data of bird formation from which actual spacing, V-angle, speed and flapping frequency could be established."

Vets' 'Tragic Medical Care' Laid to VA Budget-Shorting

By Robert L. Jackson

WASHINGTON, May 29—Sen. Alan Cranston, D., Calif., said Wednesday that "unusually tragic medical care" is given many returning U.S. servicemen because of what he called the government's false economy measures.

Flanked by two veterans in wheelchairs, Sen. Cranston appeared before a Senate Appropriations subcommittee to ask for a \$189-million increase in the Veterans Administration budget—funds the VA says it doesn't need.

Sen. John O. Pastore, D., R.I., the subcommittee chairman, said "Congress has never stinted in taking care of our heroes." He asked John Shylte, VA controller, what he thought of Mr. Cranston's request.

Mr. Shylte said the Budget Bureau originally reduced the fiscal 1971 VA budget request by \$50 million, but it was restored by President Nixon at the VA's urging. So the VA is satisfied, Mr. Shylte said.

But Sen. Cranston, who has conducted five months of hearings into medical care for Vietnam veterans, said VA officials "are bound to state publicly they cannot use additional funds" because of the Nixon administration's drive against inflation.

"I am convinced, from private discussions and my personal inquiries, that all the money I am requesting can be spent effectively and is urgently needed," Mr. Cranston said.

The VA's budget request for fiscal 1971 stands at \$1.7 billion, a record amount. "It is at best a standard budget, and it may well be a regressive one," Sen. Cranston said.

He pictured the VA's doctors, nurses and technicians as "a most dedicated and highly skilled staff doing its best . . . under medieval working conditions."

The largest portion of Mr. Cranston's request—\$51 million—would go for hiring 5,000 more medical personnel around the country.

Supporting Mr. Cranston's requests were two paraplegics at his side—Donald Broderick, executive director of the Eastern Paralyzed Veterans Association, and Carlos Rodriguez, national vice-president of the Paralyzed Veterans of America.

© Los Angeles Times



NOW AND THEN—The man at left, just leaving a Burbank, Calif., court after being arraigned for assault with intent to commit murder, is, or was, the baby-faced hero of World War II. He faces trial following a dispute with an animal trainer in which a shot was fired.

Air Force Weighs Changes To Improve Wing of C-5A

By Richard Witkin

NEW YORK, May 29 (UPI)—The Air Force is considering further changes to the wing of the Lockheed C-5A cargo plane that would enable it to withstand more rigorous operations than originally called for, reliable sources said yesterday.

The information was obtained in response to a report in the Armed Forces Journal saying a special panel of scientists had suggested the possible need for a complete redesign of the wing.

The report caused an immediate uproar because the plane, the world's largest, has had a run of troubles, centering mostly about soaring costs but including the need for beefing up the wing.

The Lockheed-Gearhart company, the Lockheed division that builds the plane, issued a statement saying that the C-5A "will meet its fatigue and strength requirements without any major redesigning or rebuilding."

More Tests

In any case, Lockheed said, there is no point in incurring the expense of "this relatively simple change in redesign" until enough tests have been conducted to see if the change is desirable and to determine the best way to perform it. The decision time will be reached by the end of the year.

Neither Lockheed nor Pentagon sources, pressed to know any basis for the contention in the Armed Forces Journal story that the C-5A as now built, has a fatigue strength that will permit it to fly safely only one-fourth the required lifetime.

For well over a year now, the 700,000-pound, 28-wheeled plane has been the focus of persistent disputes, generated by disclosures that its costs have climbed precipitously. The new fuel for the dispute was provided by the Journal report only a day after David Packard, Deputy Defense Secretary, disclosed that he has asked Lockheed to explore possible mergers to extricate itself from deep financial troubles.

The troubles are a consequence of work not only on the C-5A but also on the Army's Cheyenne helicopter, the Air Force's air-launched SRAM missile, and several Navy shipbuilding projects. On March 5, Lockheed asked the Defense Department for conditional release of more than \$500 million involved in disputes over contracts for these products.

The C-5A's technical troubles received their first big prominence last July when a serious wing crack developed in an on-the-ground fatigue test.

A modification was developed for the plane—strengthening the crack area with metal braces on all 14 C-5As produced to date. The original contract called for a fleet of 130 planes, but this has been cut to 81.

Washington's Direct Sunlight Dimmed 16% by Pollution

By Thomas O'Toole

WASHINGTON, May 29 (UPI)—Air pollution has reduced the amount of direct sunlight reaching Washington by 16 percent.

The sunlight decline, discovered in Smithsonian Institution studies, could have some far-reaching effects, since it is the "quality" of sunlight that regulates the growth of plants and crops, controls the manner in which birds migrate and even dictates such things as the sex lives of some animals, like rodents and fowl.

While a decline in direct sunlight poses no immediate threat to the climate, it has probably been at least partly responsible for the cooling trend in the weather.

The world's average yearly temperature has fallen about half a degree in the last 30 years. This has been enough to shorten the growing season in many lands and double the frequency of snowfalls in others.

"How long the current cooling trend continues is one of the most important problems of our civilization," Dr. J. Murray Mitchell Jr. of the U.S. Environmental Science Services Administration said recently. "It continues for 200 to 300 years, we would be in another ice age."

Fordham Head Quits To Join Negro College

NEW YORK, May 29 (UPI)—The Rev. Leo McLaughlin, the liberal priest who brought major reforms to Fordham University, announced Wednesday that he was resigning as chancellor to become director of freshmen studies at Johnson C. Smith University, a small predominantly Negro institution in Charlotte, N.C.

"I've been talking about race relations for years now," said the 57-year-old Jesuit, "and I felt it was about time I put my life where my mouth is."

Father McLaughlin's resignation takes effect June 30. He will report to his new post on Smith's 75-acre campus a week later and begin to mediate work with the faculty on major revisions in the freshman curriculum.

Agnew Daughter in Crash

SALISBURY, Md., May 29 (AP)—The 22-year-old daughter of Vice-President Spiro T. Agnew was shaken up but not injured yesterday when the car she was driving ran off Maryland's eastern shore collided with a truck.

Tate Case Defense Studies Victims' Past

LOS ANGELES, May 29—Police investigating the slaying of Sharon Tate, a blonde actress, have learned that the victims had a history of engaging in acts of sadism with young women and that two others were known drug users, a defense attorney in the case said Wednesday.

The attorney, Paul J. Fitzgerald, is defending Patricia Krenwinkel, who, along with cult leader Charles Manson and four others, was indicted for conspiracy and murder in the Tate slayings.

Mr. Fitzgerald sought a court order to permit him to inspect any police or prosecution statement relating to the habits of three of the victims—hair stylist Jay Sebring, Polish playboy Wojciech (Vojtek) Prokavski and coffee heiress Abigail Folger.

He also asked to see the results of police investigations of any other suspects in the case. The prosecution agreed to let Mr. Fitzgerald inspect the documents listed.

The Documents

Mr. Fitzgerald asked that he be permitted to read all purported reports relating to:

- Mr. Sebring's alleged acts of sadism with women in his Hollywood home and "in particular his conduct in regard to bizarre sexual activity" and use of "force and torture in connection with ropes and hoods."

J. F. Kennedy Tomb Visited On Birthday

WASHINGTON, May 29 (UPI)—John F. Kennedy would have been 53 years old today, and some of those who remembered went to his grave at Arlington National Cemetery to pay tribute.

Mrs. Evelyn Lincoln, former secretary to the late president, was the first to arrive 25 minutes after the cemetery gates opened. She placed a red rose on the tomb.

Shortly afterward, presidential aide Daniel P. Moynihan brought a wreath from President Nixon. Then came Sen. Edward M. Kennedy, the former president's brother, and his wife, Joan.

Spain Honors Doctors

HOUSTON, May 29 (AP)—Doctors Denton A. Cooley and Domingo Liotta received the Grand Cross of Alfonso X the Wise from the Spanish government yesterday for scientific achievement in heart surgery.

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An Asian Policy for Cambodia

Extension of the Indochina war to Cambodia has been sharply criticized by one of the most important Asian leaders friendly to the United States.

President Suharto of Indonesia startled a White House dinner the other evening when he declared: "We cannot afford just to wait for the sake of peace and stability in Southeast Asia. All efforts should be taken to prevent the war from widening and to insure the preservation of Cambodia's right to sovereignty and neutrality, among other things, by effecting the withdrawal of all foreign forces from Cambodian territory."

The Indonesian leader later made clear that, in calling for the withdrawal of "all foreign forces," he included the South Vietnamese, who have declared their intention to remain on Cambodian soil after the scheduled American withdrawal at the end of June.

President Suharto's opposition to any widening of the Indochina conflict and his emphasis on diplomatic, rather than military, measures to preserve Cambodia's fractured neutrality merit respectful attention because of his position as leader of the largest nation in Southeast Asia as well as his impeccable anti-Communist credentials. President Nixon himself laid great stress on the leadership role he expected Indonesia to play in Asia during his visit to Jakarta last summer shortly after he enunciated his new Asian doctrine at Guam.

The Suharto remarks gain in significance because they reflect views also expressed in

the communiqué of 11 Asian nations which met in Jakarta two weeks ago to discuss the Cambodian problem. It is especially noteworthy that these views are also those of Japan, which shared with Indonesia a principal role in that conference.

If President Nixon's Asian doctrine is to have meaning he cannot ignore the advice of these important and friendly Asian states which are plainly deeply disturbed by the thrust of recent American actions in their part of the world. Certainly such Asian neighbors as Indonesia, Japan and the Philippines, which has recently turned down a Cambodian request for military aid, can be no less concerned than the United States about the prospects of a North Vietnamese or Communist conquest of Cambodia.

The Jakarta conference has initiated a broad effort to reinstitute the International Control Commission for Cambodia and to convene a new Geneva Conference on the broader Indochina problem, both directly with former Geneva participants and through the United Nations. If this move could gain enough support from other nations in Asia and Africa and perhaps elsewhere, it might help persuade the reluctant Russians to join Britain in reconvening the Geneva Conference. The United States could give a push in this direction by reconsidering the ill-advised attempt to "save" Cambodia through the use in that country of troops of Cambodia's traditional enemies, South Vietnam and Thailand.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Modern UN: A Good Place to Start

The current discussion of new procedures and new powers for the United Nations is a good sign. Canada's Lester B. Pearson has suggested a three-man task force to devise means of making the UN more effective and another effort on the part of the major powers to set up a military unit to enforce UN decisions designed to keep the peace. UN Secretary-General U Thant is also asking for a standby peace force and for acceptance by all countries of compulsory jurisdiction of the World Court. Several American officials, including the President, have likewise been calling for a stronger UN in connection with its 25th anniversary this year.

It is often assumed that changes in the UN Charter are beyond the realm of possibility because of the veto in the Security Council. The current discussion is a reminder, however, that much could be done without any alteration of the charter if there were a disposition on the part of the big powers to work together. The charter makes provision for enforcement of Security Council decisions. All that is necessary is to set up the military staff committee contemplated at San Francisco and to let the Security Council function as was intended.

In this country it is too readily assumed that the Soviet Union is the only obstacle to progress in this sphere. We talk much about enforceable world law, but this country itself has not yet accepted compulsory jurisdiction of the World Court. Fortunately, the State Department is giving attention to this aspect of the problem. In a speech a few weeks ago Secretary Rogers noted that this country has committed itself to accept the jurisdiction of the World Court, with reservation, in 20 multilateral treaties and more than 20 bilateral agreements since 1946. The policy of the

Nixon administration, he said, is to write this requirement into other treaties as occasion arises. Even so, this acceptance of the World Court as the proper tribunal for the settlement of international disputes is limited to less than one fifth of the treaties negotiated since the court was created. What is still more discouraging, the United States clings to the justice-defeating Connally Amendment to the World Court statute, which says that we will permit international adjudication of cases only when our own government decides that they do not involve matters of domestic jurisdiction. In practice, this means that the government will not let a case go to the World Court unless it thinks it can win it.

This officially proclaimed skepticism in regard to the processes of international justice is one of the chief reasons why the World Court now has no business before it. Many other countries have imitated the distrust of the world's foremost democratic power. Despite his useful suggestions in regard to the court and his plea for all nations to "accept and respect the pronouncements of the court," Secretary Rogers did not call for repeal of the crippling Connally Amendment. Why?

Here would be an excellent place for the United States to begin the process of strengthening the instruments of international justice and peace. Retreat from this blunder would at least help to create an atmosphere in which other improvements in the UN peacekeeping system could be sought. American leadership in the move for a more useful UN is not likely to amount to much unless we ourselves are willing to lay on the line a little good faith in international judgments.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

International Opinion

Rising Above It

It is not true to say that humbug is the prerogative of governments. What is true is that governments can hardly avoid a type of humbug which does not often fall to the lot of an opposition. The pretense that recent history has been much more consistent and much more favorable than is ever the case is imposed on a government by the very nature of its position.

This accounts for some of the contrast between the Conservative and Labor party manifestos, and for the fact that the Labor party's is much more enjoyable to read. When the Conservative party comes to the awkward bits such as the introduction of a value added tax, it dodges the difficulty in the hope that the less sophisticated reader will not notice. This is a vain hope, as party manifestos are read only by obsessive students of politics, by other politicians, and by [editorial] writers whose professional duty it is to do so.

When the Labor party comes to a difficulty, it does not do anything so undignified as dodge, it rises gracefully above it. The

whole manifesto is reminiscent of the film of Ian Fleming's story for children, "Chitty Chitty Bang Bang," in which when the car comes to a point of difficulty it unfolds its wings and rises lissomely into the air, to the sound of music.

—From The Times (London).

European Motives

NATO's true motive (in any European security conference) probably is to try to secure force reductions east of the Iron Curtain to balance the expected withdrawal of American troops next year. The Warsaw Pact countries' main interest probably has little to do with force reductions but a good deal to do with their embarrassments over Czechoslovakia and East Germany, and perhaps also with the large number of tactical nuclear weapons that NATO now has in Europe. These are possible motives for wanting a conference. But they are not necessarily the true ones and, until the true motives have been stated by both sides, no one can be sure whether there yet exists in Europe the makings of a bargain.

—From The Guardian (London).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

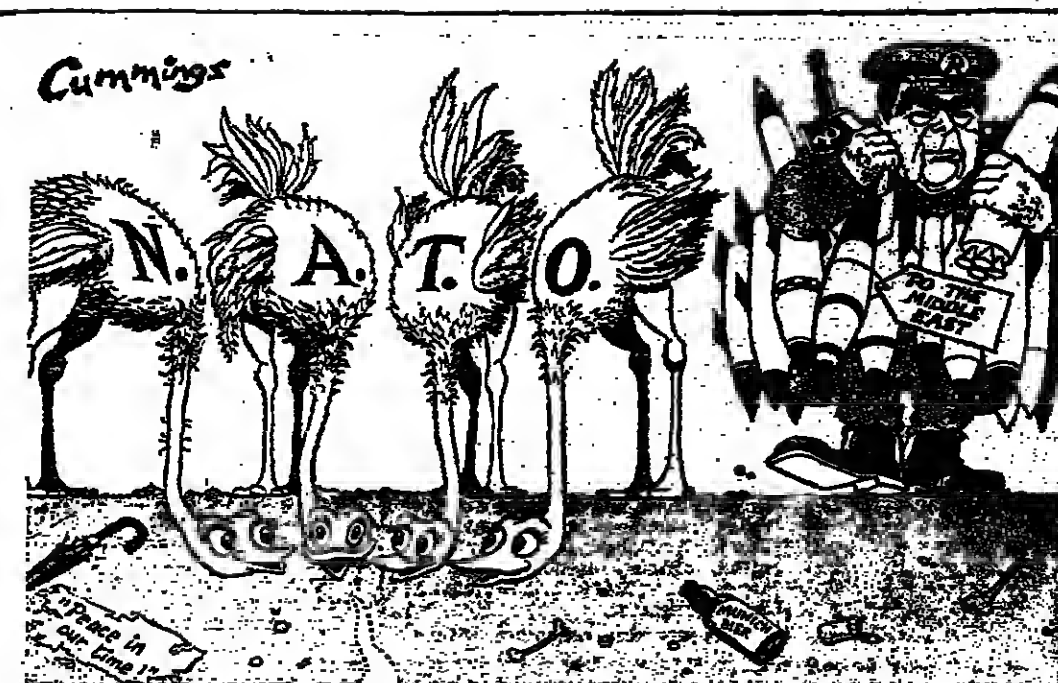
May 30, 1895

PARIS.—M. Félix Faure, President of the French Republic, left Paris yesterday on another official visit. He will be absent a week, and will visit a number of towns in the center and southwest of France. On his two previous visits, he was most warmly received by the people of these districts. It will surely be the same this time. It is now beyond doubt that M. Félix Faure is and will continue to be a popular president.

Fifty Years Ago

May 30, 1920

NEW YORK.—It is expected that the Railroad Brotherhoods will join the American Federation of Labor during its convention in Toronto next week. If this takes place, then President Samuel Gompers will attempt to consolidate 10,000,000 farmers and workers into one federation. Meanwhile, in Atlanta Federal Penitentiary, Eugene V. Debs was formally notified of his presidential nomination on the Socialist ticket.



As We Can't See Any Aggressive Intentions From the Russians, Let's Start Peace Talks With Them!

Success of the South Vietnamese

By Joseph Alsop

WASHINGTON.—In common fairness, something more needs to be said about the performance of the South Vietnamese units in Cambodia. It is a crucial measurement of the practicality of the President's Vietnamization program; and above all, it gives the lie to a good many biased people who have made a lot of noise in this country.

From their first day across the border, the ARVN units' performance has continuously moved Gen. Creighton W. Abrams to the highest flights of praise. He is a man sparing of praise in normal circumstances, but he has used every adjective in the military book, from "outstanding" upward, to characterize the dash and efficiency of the South Vietnamese units.

More importantly perhaps, he is known to have described the success of the South Vietnamese in Cambodia as a "stunning psychological victory," in and of itself. This is because it has infused a quiet new spirit of confidence and pride in all the South Vietnamese under arms. Until Cambodia, they had never been fully tested. Now they have been tested, and they have passed the test exceptionally well.

"Every Asian wants to be with the winner," Gen. Abrams is said to have concluded. "And now we are the winners."

The facts of the Cambodian campaign amply substantiate Gen. Abrams' assessment. Five ARVN divisions, the 9th, 21st, 23d, 24th and 25th, have been engaged, along with ARVN Rangers, marines and paratroopers from the reserve. Every one of these divisions has been portrayed, at various times, as a mere horde of cowardly scoundrels commanded by corrupt incompetents.

The corrupt incompetents have now proved to be quite a different lot in the field, and the cowardly scoundrels have fought with reluc-

less aggressiveness. And it must be remembered that they have been fighting the most famous North Vietnamese units assigned to duty in South Vietnam.

For example, the ARVN 25th Division has successfully taken on, and bravely defeated, the 8th, 21st and 27th Regiments. That means that this South Vietnamese division, customarily labeled "the worst," has by now defeated all the main components of the enemy's 9th Division, formerly labeled "the best."

A Defeated Army

The secret of this seeming magical reversal of roles comes in two separate parts. "The best," obviously, was not nearly so good as everyone had come to believe, in the long period when the enemy's 9th Division had no real mission beyond occasional hit-and-run attacks.

"The worst," equally obviously, has been radically altered by being given an offensive role. At long last, ARVN, one must remember, was a defeated army at the time of the U.S. intervention on the ground, and since that time ARVN has been an army mainly committed to a purely defensive role. Taking the offensive, and with great success, has naturally made a lot of difference.

You can see the difference in the Pentagon arguments about the U.S. advisers with ARVN in Cambodia. At first, it was argued that the U.S. advisers really had to go along, to "provide stiffening." But now, somewhat ironically, the same people are just as passionately arguing that the U.S. advisers are still needed, to insure reasonable prudence.

Another remarkable fact, closely linked to the foregoing, also deserves attention—which it has not been getting. After all, two South Vietnamese divisions, plus other troops, have plunged into the RV Corps; one South Vietnamese division and one American division

have moved out of III Corps; and six different kinds of South Vietnamese divisions have marched into Cambodia from II Corps.

Inactive Mice

For the Viet Cong and North Vietnamese units inside South Vietnam, these departures of their strongest opponents should have offered a golden opportunity. With the cats away, the mice ought to have played—and played a pretty murderous game, at that. But instead, the level of enemy effort in II Corps and IV Corps has dropped by more than a half since the Cambodian venture began.

Since the beginning of the Cambodian venture, in fact, the one fairly conspicuous enemy effort has been a probe by elements of the 2d North Vietnamese Division, up in I Corps. The 2d ARVN Division, defending the little district town that was under attack, has thus far just about abolished one of the regiments making the probe. Meanwhile, the people of Hop Dong, the isolated mountain town that was in danger, are still tilling their fields as before.

Altogether, the Cambodian venture has given President Nixon's Vietnamization program a new look. For the South Vietnamese have now proved their mettle, while the enemy has suffered what should prove a crippling setback.

Graduation Day—1970

By James Reston

WASHINGTON.—This is the season when the President and members of his cabinet usually show up at the university graduation exercises to explain the facts of life to the departing scholars, but this year things are a little different. The graduates are explaining the facts of life to them.

The President and most members of the cabinet, accordingly, are not committing themselves in advance, and avoiding the main academic war zones this year. Vice-President Agnew is speaking at the West Point commencement, Secretary of Defense Laird at the Air Force Academy, and Secretary of HEW Robert Finch, in an adventure of unexampled bravery, will be talking at Arizona State, San Diego State and Ohio State. But Attorney General Mitchell, and Secretaries Rogers, Kennedy and Romney are eluding this one out, and the rest of them are avoiding the rebellious liberal Eastern town.

Who can blame them? Commencement used to be merely a bore; now, with the attorney general on the platform, they could be a riot. The Vice-President and the secretary of defense should be safe enough at the military academies, where they can get air cover, but even the President could have a hard time at most of the large universities in the nation.

Considering the level of past official commencement oratory, most of it constructed out of old department handouts by weary press agents, this year's drought could be a welcome relief, but it really is disgraceful that the President and the members of his official family can no longer go onto most large campuses in the land with assurance of civility or even security.

Missing Right

This is one of the oddities of our present legal system. In recent years, the Congress has enacted specified federal remedies for interference with the right to employment, to housing, to vote—but no adequate remedies for interfering with the citizen's most fundamental rights under the First Amendment.

When the Eisenhower Commission on the Causes and Prevention of Violence in America recently made an extensive compendium of federal civil rights laws, it found that there was only one ancient statute that even attempted, however inadequately, to deal with government denials of the First Amendment rights of free speech and press, the right of peaceful assembly, and the right to petition for the redress of grievances. And there was no statute whatever to deal with the private bully-boys who break up or shut down public meetings or private citizens

Thoughts at the NATO Conference

By Anthony Lewis

ROME.—The meeting of the NATO Council just concluded here was quite a satisfactory one by the standards of alliance gatherings. The foreign ministers did enough to achieve the underlying purpose of such occasions—a demonstration that NATO is alive and well and still has a purpose in international life.

The theme this time, sounded by Secretary of State Rogers and British Foreign Secretary Michael Stewart among others, was that the alliance has a role to play in the defense of the West. After much bargaining, the ministers agreed on a loose formula of fresh approaches to the Warsaw Pact to explore the possibility of negotiating a reduction of forces on both sides in Europe.

Diplomatically, that was an achievement. There have been many in the West who thought the Soviet Union and its allies were scoring in propaganda terms by their recent call for a European security conference—met with unimpaired skepticism in Washington and other NATO capitals. Now, by calling for new contacts and focusing attention on the Western idea of balanced force reductions, NATO ministers felt they had put the ball back in the other camp. That was the climax of the briefing.

Grabbed that even generalized alliance agreement on approaches to the East is progress, still it does not amount to much in the real as opposed to the diplomatic world. For on the question of détente, NATO's function is a martial one as far ahead as we can see.

Outside Contacts

The meaningful work of trying to reach concrete arrangements with the East is now being carried on in a whole series of meetings outside the alliance framework. There are the West German talks with the Soviet Union and Poland, Chancellor Brandt's visit to Premier Kossygin in Moscow, the four-power meeting on Berlin and, of course, the Soviet-American strategic arms limitation talks in Vienna. The NATO Council recognized, and said, that any part it could play would depend on progress in these pending talks.

There is, in fact, a long-range role here for NATO: to support the West Germans in their new and somewhat nervous-making leadership position in seeking common ground with the Communists. To that extent, the alliance affirmation of the desire for détente is useful, if limited in significance.

But apart from the specifics, the Rome meeting had a somewhat marginal air. The officials' grasp-

ing perfectly legal public speeches. Fortunately, there is now a bipartisan effort to correct this oversight. Rep. William McCulloch, the wise ranking Republican member of the House Judiciary Committee and Rep. Hale Boggs, the Democratic whip from Louisiana, have agreed on a bill that would authorize federal court injunctions and damage suits against official and private interference with the exercise of First Amendment rights.

This bill, entitled the First Amendment Freedoms Act, would authorize federal court suits for damages and injunctive relief against any official or private person seriously preventing another person from exercising his constitutional right even to talk nonsense.

Thus, under the Boggs-McCulloch bill, a sheriff's posse would be liable if it broke up a legal meeting of the Black Panthers, and equally the Black Panthers would be subject to damages if they broke up a speech by a member of the President's cabinet, or Gov. Maddox of Georgia.

Limits of Measure. No doubt the bill would make allowances for an official whom couldn't stand it any longer and shouted "nonsense" occasionally—there being so much nonsense around these days—but disrupting

meetings by physical violence, stopping a meeting by verbal violence, or hustling professors out of classrooms or drumming Spil Agnew off the stage or throwing deans down long flights of stairs or denying students the right to hear irregular or even subversive doctrine—all this would be punishable under the new law. Rep. Boggs and McCulloch have in mind.

This may be going a long way to protect such things as common sense, speakers' consideration that we used to think should be a law against all of them, but the present guerrilla warfare against free speech has clearly gone a lot far.

The trouble is that everybody agrees with the principle of freedom provided freedom applies to his own gang and not to those other characters on the other side. By that's not what the founders fathers or the Eisenhower Commission or McCulloch and Boggs had in mind. The idea is that everybody has the right to speak out without being blocked by police or timid university officials or campus thugs who talk like Communists and act like fascists or anybody else. And maybe by next year's graduating class, if Milton Eisenhower, Bill McCulloch and Hale Boggs get a fair hearing, we may have the President and his official family and anybody else the students want back on the big campuses again.

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Geismar Sought for Questioning Nationwide Hunt on in France For Leader of Maoist Rioters

PARIS, May 29 (AP)—French police today launched a nationwide hunt for Maoist leader Alain Geismar and warned all frontiers to be closed to anyone leaving the country.

Mr. Geismar, 31, was a leader of the 1968 student uprising with the slogan "Dance the Red" and later led the far-left (Gaulle-Proletarian) movement, which was active Wednesday by interior minister Raymond Marcellin.

Early this week, he called for demonstrations to protest the arrest of two leaders of the movement who have since been sentenced for allegedly inciting crimes against the state in the movement's newspaper. Mr. Geismar had sent a message to the court saying he did "give my testimony in the act."

Two days and nights of rioting followed in Paris and in several provincial cities left university buildings, a bank and many cars, and hundreds of demonstrators in police detention. Many were injured.

Formal charges have yet been laid against Mr. Geismar, who currently is only "wanted for questioning." A doctor of physics, who holds a post of lecturer at Paris University, he has had no fixed address in recent months, being housed by friends in the movement and traveling constantly around France. He has also visited many Western European countries, as well as Czechoslovakia and Cuba.

He was in Grenoble earlier this month, when there were violent clashes between police and demonstrators during the trial of a militant shopkeepers' leader. Mr. Geismar's wife, Renée, a fellow militant, was arrested last Sunday and charged with inciting an illegal demonstration after being found painting on walls "everyone in the street May 27" when this week's riots started.

Last night, the tomb of the late French Communist party chief Maurice Thorez was profaned by the explosion of a home-made bomb which caused little damage. The profaners drew leftist and anti-Soviet signs on the tomb.

Paris was calm today following the occupation of university buildings yesterday by police.

The only incident today came when some 80 leftists armed with wooden staves occupied a high school in the inner suburbs apparently because they feared an attack by rightist students. Police turned up and there was some stone-throwing but the incident subsided.

Police today arrested two Maoists distributing tracts at the Peugeot auto works, at Sochaux, in eastern France, and one outside the Renault auto plant at Flins, west of Paris. The latter had been sought since March 6 in connection with an attack by a Maoist commando on the town hall of Meulan, near Paris.

All three were charged with assaulting police and resisting arrest.

There were scuffles between police and about 100 students in Marseilles today after an extreme leftist meeting and protest march.

In the Paris suburbs, police were inquiring into a fire at the home of a judge of the state security court last night. Members of the judge's family were injured in escaping the blaze.

On the labor scene, soldiers have been called in to sort a backlog of mail in Paris's main sorting center, where employees had been on strike for several days. Unions claimed that the end of the strike had already been announced when the troops were called in. Post office workers returned to their jobs without further protest.



Alain Geismar

France Moves To End Prison Before Trial

PARIS, May 29 (AP)—France today moved toward the abolition of preventive detention, the practice of confining a suspect before trial on the grounds that he might flee or cause trouble.

The National Assembly passed a bill today which would end preventive detention, a rule that persons accused await their trials in prison.

The bill would allow a judge to order a suspect released on bail, rather than rule that persons accused await their trials in prison.

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3 Dead, 6 Missing In Oil-Platform Blast Off Texas

GALVESTON, Texas, May 29 (UPI)—A fuel-tank explosion on the Gulf of Mexico yesterday, sending flaming oil 2,000 feet into the air and onto 23 men on the platform and a boat alongside.

Three of the men died. Six are missing and feared dead. Another 13 were injured.

Before the fire could be stopped early today, 1,400 gallons of oil escaped into the gulf. An oil slick three miles long and half a mile wide floated slowly to the white beaches of Galveston Island, 13 miles away.

The oil began reaching the beaches about the same time as the first surge of Memorial Day tourists. Most of it was concentrated in an area of luxury motels and hotels, leaving about half of Galveston's crowded beach unscathed.

Blocked Alpine Passes

GENEVA, May 29 (Reuters)—Thirteen Swiss Alpine passes are still closed to road traffic because of the past winter's heavy snowfalls. Swiss motoring organizations announced today. The blocked mountain passes include the St. Gotthard, the Great St. Bernard, the Susten, and the Furka.

Son-in-Law Revealed Hideout Of SS Man Stangl, Court Told

BONN, May 29 (NYT)—Franz Stangl, the World War II commandant of the Treblinka extermination camp in Poland, was tracked down as a result of information supplied by his son-in-law, a Düsseldorf court was told today.

Police Question 25 After Battle In Turin Streets

TURIN, May 29 (AP)—Police today interrogated 25 persons after wild street fighting with leftists last night that left 24 policemen injured.

In Syracuse, Sicily, meanwhile, two persons were injured in scuffles between political extremists of the left and right.

Whiskers and Sex Activity: Scientist Sees Relationship

By Alfred Friendly

LONDON, May 29 (WPI)—The setting is the legendary desert island. The subject is the relationship between sexual activity and the growth of whiskers. The unlikely place where the story is told is the solemn and scholarly British scientific journal Nature.

The author is anonymous, his identity suppressed "for reasons which may be self-evident." But his work has been vouched for by the magazine's editors.

The thesis is that after some abstention from sexual relationships its resumption, or the mere anticipation thereof, or even the mere presence of "particular female company" sets the beard to growing at a rate faster than normal.

The author suggests a perfectly credible, almost routine, scientific explanation deriving from established conclusions of earlier research: intercourse increases the secretion of androgens, the male hormones that govern the development of sexual organs and of the secondary sexual characteristics, among which, of course, is the beard.

On Remote Island

The anonymous author reported that, "during the past two years, I have had to spend periods of several weeks on a remote island in comparative isolation." He noted that his beard growth diminished, "but the day before I was due to leave the island it increased again, to reach unusually high rates during the first day or two on the mainland."

He set about scientifically measuring the harvest of his razor, wielded once every 24 hours, and correlated the results against coordinates of physical

Greek Government Not Ready For King Constantine's Return

ATHENS, May 29 (UPI)—The Greek government said today it is not ready yet for the return of King Constantine, who fled 29 months ago after an unsuccessful attempt to overthrow the country's military rulers.

Deputy Premier Stylianos Pattakos said the government had not chosen to exercise its right to ask the young monarch to return from Rome, where he has lived since late 1967.

The statement came amid reports that Foreign Minister Panayotis Pipinelis had invited Constantine to go home when the two men met in Rome earlier this week. Mr. Pipinelis was in the Italian capital for a North Atlantic Treaty Organization conference.

The reports, published in Rome, said the 29-year-old king refused to return unless Premier George Papadopoulos stepped down and ordered elections, turning over power to a transitional government, which would restore civil liberties.

Under the Greek constitution approved under the present regime in September, 1968, Mr. Papadopoulos is empowered to invite Constantine home after elections. No date for elections has been announced.

But Mr. Pattakos said a constitutional clause permitting Constantine to come home ahead of elections was not invoked, "because the necessity for such action has not arisen."

Mr. Pipinelis confirmed he had met the king, but said it was only a protocol formality.

Constantine is still recognized as king by the government, although it has appointed a regent to act in his name. Members of the government recently attended a special church service on Constantine's name day.

Athens Acquits Former Minister

ATHENS, May 29 (UPI)—Former minister Pavlos Vardinoyannis was acquitted today by a civil appeals court of insulting authorities, a charge for which he was originally sentenced in absentia to 15 months in jail.

Mr. Vardinoyannis, a minister without portfolio in the government of the late George Papadopoulos, was not set free. One of his lawyers said later that he still has to appear before a military investigator to answer charges of plotting against the regime.

The court ruled today that Mr. Vardinoyannis used abusive language in speaking to a policeman who had stopped him for a traffic violation in 1962. But it decided that his insults against the police officer were not directed against the authorities.

Romanian Premier In Talks With Kosygin

MOSCOW, May 29 (AP)—Romanian Premier Ion Gheorghe Maurer conferred today with Soviet Premier Alexei N. Kosygin in the Kremlin, apparently on questions of economic and industrial cooperation.

An official announcement of the opening of their talks did not state the issues being discussed. Mr. Maurer flew here yesterday for a visit on which no advance announcement had been made.

4 Truckloads Of Snails Peril Alpine Tunnel

CHAMONIX, France, May 29 (AP)—Four truckloads of snails and two truckloads of meat may be dumped in front of the Mont Blanc Tunnel if the customs strike doesn't end soon.

The threat was made today by the owners of the perishable cargoes. Six hundred trucks have been stalled at the tunnel for as long as four days.

Customs officials, who are seeking the upgrading of job classifications, agreed later today to sign import and export papers for perishable cargoes but for nothing else.

Starving Brazilian Peasants Flee Drought-Stricken Area

BRASILIA, May 29 (Reuters)—Thousands of starving peasants have invaded towns and cities in drought-stricken areas of north-east Brazil in search of food, looting shops and private homes, informed sources said today.

The sources said some 200,000 persons were on the move in the area, victims of a drought which has driven them from their homes in search of food and work.

Six freight trains have been held up and robbed of all food supplies during the past week around the coastal city of Fortaleza.

The Northeast Development Administration and the National Department of Anti-Drought Works have set up over 50 sites to employ men in road repairs, digging ditches and other projects. Some 106,500 persons were now working on these emergency projects.

But the drought was forecast three years ago—it happens once every ten years—and angry opposition members of the federal Chamber of Deputies yesterday demanded to know why plans to combat the hunger and destitution were not carried out.

Banks and businesses in many interior towns have been closed for days now to prevent robbery and looting.

Refugees from the drought area have been arriving in Brazil's biggest city, Sao Paulo, where refugee centers have been set up.

Lack of rain meant that corn and other crops did not grow, and the largely agrarian population had no work or food.

More than 1,500 tons of food have been flown into the area, much of it donated by the United States, but authorities called it "a drop in the bucket."

NATO Troop Cut Proposal Dismissed by East Germany

EAST BERLIN, May 29 (NYT)—East German Communists today dismissed as "pure demagoguery" the proposal made this week in Rome by the member countries of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization for an East-West arrangement on mutually balanced reduction of troops in Europe.

The rejection, contained in an extremely sharp-worded comment in the party paper Neues Deutschland, went further than the more cautious reaction in Moscow and other East bloc capitals and seemed to place Communist East Germany in a solitary hard-line position.

This was emphasized this afternoon when Soviet Ambassador Piotr Abramov omitted to criticize the NATO proposal and instead underlined that Russia's proposal for a European security conference was based primarily on the need "to relieve the countries from the heavy burden of military expenses." The Western plan for a mutual reduction of forces would serve exactly that purpose.

Mr. Abramov, who spoke to a "peace conference" of Roman Catholic believers here, also noted that the idea of establishing a collective security system in Europe "is constantly winning new adherents."

Brazil Bishops Urge Reforms, Deny Genocide

RIO DE JANEIRO, May 29 (NYT)—The bishops of Brazil today urged the government to carry out social reforms, give more voice to the opposition and investigate reports of the torture of prisoners.

Of the 183 bishops taking part in the assembly, 159 voted for the declaration. It was reported that the statement had received the necessary two-thirds approval by moderation in the language used.

The statement recognized that efforts toward national development had brought about tangible "results in the economic and financial fields, in administration, electric power, communications and housing." However, it called for "the basic elements of a human policy."

The bishops supported government denials of the existence of genocide against the Indian population. "With the testimony of 40 missionaries in the Amazon region, we repudiate the campaign that has been started against Brazil in other countries," the statement said.

Session Is Short At SALT Talks

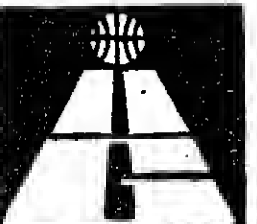
VIENNA, May 29 (AP)—U.S. and Soviet negotiators today held their shortest session in the present round of Strategic Arms Limitation Talks, but a conference source said this had no significance.

The 12th meeting since SALT opened here April 18 lasted 40 minutes in the U.S. Embassy, with 30 more minutes for informal discussions.

The source said most of the time was spent by the U.S. delegation answering Russian questions on issues raised in previous meetings. The next meeting will be held Tuesday in the Soviet Embassy.

4 Lost as Ship Sinks

KIEL, West Germany, May 29 (AP)—Rescue workers have given up hope of finding four crew members of the 290-ton Danish freighter Commark, which sank in the Baltic Sea today. Two men were rescued. The Commark and the 1,600-ton West German ship Elbe Retzlaff collided early today in a thick fog. There were no injuries on the German ship.



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Fiat Seeking To Increase Citroën Stake

Italian Now Owns 30% Of French Holding Co.

PARIS, May 29 (AP).—Fiat has requested French government approval for a substantial increase of its holdings in Citroën, a spokesman for the French automaker said today.

The spokesman said the Italian firm was asking that it be allowed to increase its present 30 percent stake in Citroën, a holding company to a figure "somewhere under 60 percent." The holding company owns half of the Citroën stock.

The move to increase its Citroën holding comes 19 months after former President Charles de Gaulle vetoed a proposed Citroën-Fiat merger. At the time, de Gaulle said the company would have to be under foreign control.

The former president vetoed the merger in 1958 for several reasons, one of them being that the passing of Citroën, No. 2 carmaker in France, to Fiat would mean that 40 percent of the French industry would be under foreign control.

Citroën accounts for 25 percent of French car production, and since, owned by Chrysler, produces about 5 percent of cars made in France.

The holding company was created in late 1968 as a way around the De Gaulle veto of an outright takeover.

Fiat's present 30 percent interest in the holding company is equivalent to about 15 percent of the Citroën stock.

There was no immediate indication of how the present French government under President Georges Pompidou would view the new bid.

Fiat Comment
TURIN, Italy, May 29 (AP).—A Fiat spokesman confirmed today that the auto firm has asked French government permission to increase its substantial holdings in Citroën.

The spokesman said that even if granted the increased holdings would not give the Italian company control of Citroën.

The spokesman said Fiat sought up to 40 percent of the holding company. He said more than 30 percent of the holdings, and consequently, the controlling interest, would remain with the French Michelin tire company.

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DROPS IOS BID—John M. King Backs Out of Deal.

Denver Businessman Cuts His IOS Aid, Blames SEC

(Continued from Page 1)

questionable accounting practices and an expected first-quarter loss have sapped investor confidence at a time of declining markets.

In addition to severe losses in the company's recently issued shares, which demoralized stockholders, the net asset value of the IOS-managed funds has been battered in the nosedive of prices on Wall Street.

Disenchantment Apparent
The disenchantment among the company's mutual-fund shareholders was highlighted yesterday by an IOS report that from Jan. 1 to May 26 it had paid out \$9 million more in redemptions than it had taken in through new sales of mutual funds.

Between May 1, when the company's plight first began to make news, and May 26, there was a negative cash flow of \$63 million.

The IOS rescue operation was begun after the company's share prices were battered sharply lower. Talks were held with the Paris and London branches of the Rothschilds as well as other European institutions, but in mid-May a deal was signed with Mr. King, who promised to organize a consortium of internationally renowned institutions.

The aim was to reassure IOS-managed fund owners as well as IOS shareholders that the company was sound.

Although Mr. King stated today that he was ready to fulfill his promises to IOS, no other names—either European or American—

have been announced as joining the rescue operation.

Under his agreement, Mr. King was to have provided IOS with \$20 million in cash and another \$20 million line of credit over three years. In turn, he was to have taken a 21 percent stake in the company and been given the right to name 16 of the 27-man IOS board of directors.

Now, the \$8 million he had advanced to the company as part of his planned price to obtain control is being converted to a fully secured loan maturing no later than May 31, 1971.

That gives Mr. King the right, if he chooses, to designate three members to the IOS board until the loan is repaid. It also permits the international subsidiary of King Resources Co. to retain three-year warrants to purchase 15 million IOS Ltd. preferred shares at \$4 a share.

"Initial investigation satisfied us that there was no serious question of the financial stability of IOS, Ltd.," Mr. King said today.

The statement went on to declare that IOS's cash position "appears to be sound."

"Because of the potential impact of IOS on the world securities market and because of the underlying strength of the corporation itself, we are confident that certain European financial institutions will continue their interest in forming a strong group to assist IOS Ltd.," Mr. King added.

The statement said King Resources "stands ready" to assist such a group and to provide technical assistance to IOS or a consortium.

Annual Report Awaited
Meanwhile, the last business day of May passed without publication of the audited 1969 figures for the parent firm, IOS Ltd., which had been promised by Mr. King.

The accounts, eagerly awaited by the financial world, are expected to shed more light on the business dealings between IOS and interests controlled by Mr. King before he made his rescue bid.

The current issue of Business Week magazine reports that a working paper of Arthur Andersen & Co., the IOS auditors, showed that loans were made by IOS to Mr. King and Edward M. Cowett, former IOS president who was deposed earlier this month.

According to the magazine, about half the loans have been repaid, including a reported \$8 million loan to trust funds established for Mr. King's children.

The article said that much of the money was apparently used to buy IOS stock and that the timing of the loans "suggests they may have been made to support the stock's price."

From Denver, Mr. King issued a statement denying the Business Week charges. "We have at no time been involved in supporting anyone's stock, let alone IOS," the statement said. "I have already announced that over several years my children's trusts have acquired IOS shares."

Bernard Cornfield, founder of IOS, resigned early in the month as chairman but continues to serve as a director. He owns some 7.5 million shares of the company's stock, which was supposed to have been put into a voting trust that would have given Mr. King's group majority control.

Inflationary Effect Feared U.S. Money Supply Expands Rapidly

By H. Erich Heinemann

NEW YORK, May 29 (NYT).—The pace of monetary expansion is accelerating rapidly, banking data published yesterday by the Federal Reserve System shows.

The nation's money supply increased by \$1.8 billion in the week that ended May 20, the Fed reported, to a daily average of \$205.2 billion. The effect of this sharp jump in the money supply—held in the total of currency in the hands of the public plus most

checking accounts at banks—was to increase the average of the money stock during the four weeks that ended May 20 to \$203.6 billion.

At this level, according to data compiled by the St. Louis Fed, the money supply increased at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 9.2 percent in the last three months. This is far above the rate that most bankers consider to be consistent with the Fed's current policy of "moderate" or "moderate" growth in money.

Annual Rates Compared
By contrast, the money supply grew at a 6.5 percent annual rate in the three months that ended May 15 and a 5 percent rate in the quarter that ended May 6.

Some analysts—for example, those at the St. Louis Fed—are beginning to express some concern about the more rapid pace of monetary expansion. In a new publication, "Quarterly Trends," the St. Louis bank said that a 9 percent rate of growth in money would result in a sharp

increase in the rate of growth of total spending in the second quarter.

The bank said: "This accelerated rate would be maintained well into 1971, with further acceleration late next year."

Comparing the impact on inflation of a 3 percent rate of growth in money with that of a 6 percent rate, the bank said: "Both would result in the rate of inflation falling slowly through the end of the year."

In 1971, however, the faster growth of money would result in a much slower adjustment of inflation than would growth of money at a 3 percent rate," the bank said.

Other bankers, who are close to official thinking at the central bank, conceded yesterday that the 8 percent to 9 percent annual rate of growth in money that is now in prospect for May was well above the "target rate" at which the money managers are now aiming.

Bank Chief Lists Controls For Inflation

CHICAGO, May 29 (NYT).—The government will have to either institute wage and price controls, increase taxes, or reduce its own expenditures if the United States is to combat inflation, Gaylord A. Freeman, Jr., chairman of First National Bank of Chicago, said yesterday.

Mr. Freeman warned representatives of 800 companies in 16 states attending the bank's 10th annual financial executives conference that "limitation of the money supply is the only alternative if you want to stop inflation and aren't willing to have wage and price controls or higher taxes or lower government spending—and limiting the money supply invariably means higher interest rates."

He was critical of Congress's anti-inflation efforts, asserting that it "chickened out" in assuming a role in the inflation battle. "Legislators don't want wage or price controls or higher taxes because this is unpopular with the voters," he said. "As a result, they have taken no action and let the burden fall on the Federal Reserve System."

Mr. Freeman said that the Fed, because it too did not want to become unpopular in recommending controls, had only one route left—to limit the supply of money.

Eurobond Dealers Battling About a Clearing System Plan

By Clyde H. Farnsworth

COPENHAGEN, May 29 (NYT).—A battle over who is to manage a system of clearing international Euro-Clear bonds has broken out among Euro-Clear dealers.

Both Morgan Guaranty Trust Co., which has been operating its Euro-Clear System since December, 1968, and a group of Luxembourg banks, organizing a competing system which is not yet in operation, claimed victory.

With the growth of the Euro-bond market, spurred largely by U.S. corporations, has come the demand for efficient transfers of bond certificates traded in the secondary market and speedy payment.

Morgan, with 164 Euro-Clear clients, believes it has the answer: a clearing system for bonds sold in Europe. They believe the Euro-bond banks themselves should set up an independent clearing authority, and have gotten 40 European institutions to back feasibility studies for their rival CEDEL System.

Luxembourg's role is important because it has the answer: a clearing system for bonds sold in Europe. They believe the Euro-bond banks themselves should set up an independent clearing authority, and have gotten 40 European institutions to back feasibility studies for their rival CEDEL System.

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The debate has been under way within the bond dealers association for at least a year, but today marked the first time it broke out into open conflict.

A specific issue was a proposed amendment to the statutes of the organization which, while not naming Euro-Clear, would have advanced its cause.

Under one of the provisions, banks not belonging to a clearing

system were called on to open special payment facilities accounts in Luxembourg.

In their effort to block the amendment, the Luxembourg banks declared they would refuse to accept such accounts.

The amendment failed to carry by the necessary two-thirds majority, which the Luxembourg banks said was a clear victory for their side.

But James Chandler, vice-president of Morgan's Brussels office and the chief operating officer for Euro-Clear, said he was encouraged by the high vote obtained for the amendment.

Ninety-three of the 176 members present approved the amendment after a recount. Mr. Chandler pointed out that many of these were not present members of Euro-Clear.

The matter came to a head because of strong feelings by the executive committee that the association had to act at least on an intermediate clearing system to improve conditions for financially pinched traders whose capital has been tied up because of payment and delivery lags.

One of the provisions of the amendment would have required payment on delivery of the bonds, which is the way settlements are handled in New York. Payments are made in Europe after delivery.

European bond traders—most of them are allied with or in special departments of banks—have taken heavy losses in the recent shake-out in world security markets, which intensifies the clearing problem.

The new preferred stock would pay dividends of \$8 a share per year and each share would be convertible into 20 shares of Levin-Townsend common.

Full conversion of the 100,000 preferred shares would give GAC 2 million Levin-Townsend common shares. As of March 31, there were 5.3 million shares outstanding.

Company Reports
Kellwood Co. 1970 1969
Profits (millions) 0.81 1.15
Per Share 0.26 0.37

Marshall Field & Co. 1970 1969
Revenue (millions) 79.2 84.0
Profits (millions) 1.5 2.49
Per Share 0.17 0.28

Whittaker Corp. 1970 1969
Revenue (millions) 448.9 356.8
Profits (millions) 11.31 12.01
Per Share (Diluted) 0.56 0.80

U.S. Auto Firms Eye Steel Sales From Japanese
TOKYO, May 29 (AP).—Ford Motor Co. and General Motors Corp. have asked about the possibility of importing cold rolled steel sheets from Japan next year and possibly in subsequent years.

The sources said they believe this represents the first time the U.S. auto firms have made such inquiries directly to Japanese steel companies.

The inquiries, they said, are believed to be connected with the automakers' plans to assure themselves of adequate supplies of cold rolled steel sheet in advance of the expiration of U.S. steel-industry labor contracts on Aug. 1, 1971.

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Third Day of N.Y. Rally Sends Dow Up 16.29

By Philip Greer

NEW YORK, May 29 (WP).—The rally on the New York Stock Exchange caught a second wind today and soared to another wide gain. The Dow Jones industrial average jumped 16.29 to close at 700.44.

The advance brought the gain over the last three days to 69.58 points, or nearly 11 percent. It also put the market, as measured by the Dow industrials into the first area where Wall Street analysts expect significant selling pressure to show itself.

Wall Street observers were still calling the rally a technical rebound in reaction to the steady selling that had engulfed the market since the beginning of

April. They said that the market's ability to work its way higher from these levels will give the first indication of whether the rally can be expected to carry much further.

The day actually started with a round of profit-taking that dropped the Dow nearly six points by noon. The rebound started then and picked up steam after word from an anonymous administration source that President Nixon is not considering any new taxes even if the federal budget deficit climbs as high as \$8 billion in the next fiscal year, which begins on July 1.

Brokers noted, however, that the rally was under way by the time the report reached news wires.

There was one pause in the upswing, around mid-afternoon, when some more profit-taking moved in. But the list churned higher through the last hour and closed around its best levels of the day, with volume heavy enough to force the exchange's ticker to run two minutes behind the floor pace.

Total turnover dropped to 14.63 million shares from the year's high of 18.91 million turned over yesterday. Observers noted that the day was a holiday for many workers, because Memorial Day falls on a Saturday.

Broader-based averages, which take in the movements of more stocks, ran ahead even more than the Dow. Standard & Poor's 500 was up 1.94 to 76.55 and the NYSE index, encompassing virtually all the issues listed on the exchange, rose 1.07 to 41.78.

From the Wall Street point of view, the most encouraging thing about the day was the wide advances posted by many glamour stocks in electronics, office machines and other fields. These are the issues favored by growth-oriented mutual fund managers, who have been mostly staying away from the market for the past few months.

Among these advances, there was an 11-point jump in IBM to 276, and a four-point jump in Xerox, to 82.

Gains in other glamour issues ran to 7 5/8 in Avon at 150, and 4 7/8 in Memorex to 76 3/8.

In the blue chips, Du Pont led the way up, gaining 7 1/4 to 116 3/8. Rockwell added 3 3/8 to 67 7/8. Procter & Gamble was ahead 3 1/4 to 49 and General Electric rose 2 1/2 to 66 3/8.

AFCA
watch it go

Computer Firm to Get \$20 Million

ALLENTOWN, Pa., May 29 (Reuters).—Levin-Townsend Computer, the financially-troubled computer leasing firm, reached an agreement here today with GAC Corp. that will give Levin financial help and GAC a stock interest in the firm.

Levin-Townsend will acquire GAC Computer Leasing Corp. in exchange for 100,000 shares of a new convertible preferred stock.

General Acceptance Corp., the financial unit of GAC, will lend Levin-Townsend \$20 million, to be secured by lease rentals and equipment. The loan will be at the prime rate (now at 8 percent) plus 4 percent, with a minimum rate of 10 percent. Principal payments will start in 1972, with the final payment scheduled for 1976.

The proceeds of the loan will be used to pay outstanding debts to International Business Machines and others. The company had previously announced it was behind in payments to IBM and that its indebtedness currently amounts to \$14 million.

IBM has been informed of today's negotiations, a joint statement said, and has agreed to defer action on the Levin-Townsend debt.

The executive committee of GAC and directors and shareholders of Levin-Townsend must approve today's agreement. Levin-Townsend shareholders are expected to meet in a special session July 15.

The new preferred stock would pay dividends of \$8 a share per year and each share would be convertible into 20 shares of Levin-Townsend common.

Full conversion of the 100,000 preferred shares would give GAC 2 million Levin-Townsend common shares. As of March 31, there were 5.3 million shares outstanding.

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INGROW the new investment vehicle for investors seeking maximum security coupled with growth and income.

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U.S. \$20.00 to U.S. \$21.65
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If you want more details, write to:
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FRIDAY JUNE 12, 1970

AMERICAN-STYLE

GAMBLING TABLES

OPENING IN
DIVONNE

LEADING CASINO IN FRANCE
15 MINUTES FROM
GENEVA

SMALL SWISS BANK

with offices in Zurich, Geneva, Lausanne and Lugano offers

minority participation
of U.S. \$500,000.— to a foreign preferably American, bank.

Write to: Mr. Jean Wild, Lawyer, Bahnhofplatz 5, 3000 - BERNE, Switzerland.

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PRIVATE EURO-CURRENCY PLACEMENTS
BLOCK STOCK TRADING

MEMBER OF THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, TORONTO, MONTREAL, AND ALL PRINCIPAL CANADIAN STOCK EXCHANGES

Mutual Funds

NEW YORK (API)		Closing prices on May 28, 1970		Bid Ask	
Oil		10.00	10.00	Oil	10.00
Gas		1.00	1.00	Gas	1.00
Coal		1.00	1.00	Coal	1.00
Gold		1.00	1.00	Gold	1.00
Silver		1.00	1.00	Silver	1.00
Platinum		1.00	1.00	Platinum	1.00
Palladium		1.00	1.00	Palladium	1.00
Iron		1.00	1.00	Iron	1.00
Steel		1.00	1.00	Steel	1.00
Copper		1.00	1.00	Copper	1.00
Aluminum		1.00	1.00	Aluminum	1.00
Zinc		1.00	1.00	Zinc	1.00
Nickel		1.00	1.00	Nickel	1.00
Lead		1.00	1.00	Lead	1.00
Antimony		1.00	1.00	Antimony	1.00
Vanadium		1.00	1.00	Vanadium	1.00
Chromium		1.00	1.00	Chromium	1.00
Manganese		1.00	1.00	Manganese	1.00
Silicon		1.00	1.00	Silicon	1.00
Titanium		1.00	1.00	Titanium	1.00
Fluorine		1.00	1.00	Fluorine	1.00
Boron		1.00	1.00	Boron	1.00
Sulfur		1.00	1.00	Sulfur	1.00
Phosphorus		1.00	1.00	Phosphorus	1.00
Chlorine		1.00	1.00	Chlorine	1.00
Bromine		1.00	1.00	Bromine	1.00
Iodine		1.00	1.00	Iodine	1.00
Mercury		1.00	1.00	Mercury	1.00
Plutonium		1.00	1.00	Plutonium	1.00
Uranium		1.00	1.00	Uranium	1.00
Neptunium		1.00	1.00	Neptunium	1.00
Americium		1.00	1.00	Americium	1.00
Curium		1.00	1.00	Curium	1.00
Berkelium		1.00	1.00	Berkelium	1.00
Californium		1.00	1.00	Californium	1.00
Einsteinium		1.00	1.00	Einsteinium	1.00
Fermium		1.00	1.00	Fermium	1.00
Mendelevium		1.00	1.00	Mendelevium	1.00
Nobelium		1.00	1.00	Nobelium	1.00
Lanthanum		1.00	1.00	Lanthanum	1.00
Cerium		1.00	1.00	Cerium	1.00
Praseodymium		1.00	1.00	Praseodymium	1.00
Neodymium		1.00	1.00	Neodymium	1.00
Europium		1.00	1.00	Europium	1.00
Gadolinium		1.00	1.00	Gadolinium	1.00
Terbium		1.00	1.00	Terbium	1.00
Dysprosium		1.00	1.00	Dysprosium	1.00
Ytterbium		1.00	1.00	Ytterbium	1.00
Lutetium		1.00	1.00	Lutetium	1.00
Hafnium		1.00	1.00	Hafnium	1.00
Tantalum		1.00	1.00	Tantalum	1.00
Niobium		1.00	1.00	Niobium	1.00
Molybdenum		1.00	1.00	Molybdenum	1.00
Technetium		1.00	1.00	Technetium	1.00
Ruthenium		1.00	1.00	Ruthenium	1.00
Rhodium		1.00	1.00	Rhodium	1.00
Palladium		1.00	1.00	Palladium	1.00
Silver		1.00	1.00	Silver	1.00
Cadmium		1.00	1.00	Cadmium	1.00
Indium		1.00	1.00	Indium	1.00
Thallium		1.00	1.00	Thallium	1.00
Lead		1.00	1.00	Lead	1.00
Bismuth		1.00	1.00	Bismuth	1.00
Polonium		1.00	1.00	Polonium	1.00
Astatine		1.00	1.00	Astatine	1.00
Radon		1.00	1.00	Radon	1.00

Toronto Stocks

Closing prices on May 29, 1970

INDUSTRIALS			High Low Last Chrg		High Low Last Chrg	
4452 Ahtiln	9	8 1/4	9	1980 Copper	7 1/2	1.22 +.87
250 Adco				3888 Den	26.50	26.00 +.50
880 Agrop Oil	5.00	4.95	5 1/4	3300 East Sull	5.00	5.80 +.80
444 Albita NG	3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4	1212 Ecl	12.12	12.12 +.00
800 Argus pic				2864 Gardim	3.80	3.80 3.75 -.05
7178 B. & W.	6	5 1/2	6 1/4	400 Gurner	1.15	1.90 +.75
15718 BK Nova S	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	2800 H. & L	2.80	2.80 +.00
7952 B&C	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2	808 Halling	27.00	27.00 27.25 +.25
300 B. C. Forest	24 1/2	24 1/2	24 1/2	1000 Inli	1.10	1.10 1.10 +.00
13178 Brol Bros	3.00	3.00	3.00	6750 Km Kohla	1.92	1.82 1.87 +.05
111 Buss				1000 L	1.00	1.00 -.50
1035 C&G Pow	7 1/4	7 1/4	7 1/4	1000 Labrad	27.50	27.50 27.50 +.00
1000 Can Mail	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	9785 L Drill	14.12	13.25 14.00 -.08
700 Can Pac	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	1000 L	1.00	1.00 1.00 +.00
1271 Can Perm	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	775 L Lach	1.75	1.75 1.75 +.00
780 Can W	7 1/4	7 1/4	7 1/4	9000 L	1.00	1.00 1.00 +.00
21960 Can Ind Gas	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2	1425 Newchem	3.75	5.50 5.75 +.25
15222 Capill Div	1.00	1.25	1.30	11093 New Chem	13.75	13.75 13.75 +.00
2775 Celanese				1188 Orphan	3.25	3.15 3.25 +.10
2540 Cen Buld	1.00	1.25	1.30	1188 Pambur	30.00	28.50 30.00 +.15
4168 Consun Gas	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2	1995 Pine Pt	30.37	30.80 30.37 -.05
1163 Consol	10 1/2	10 1/2	10 1/2	6100 Rhyer	1.38	1.23 1.23 -.15
7125 Cynsus A	3.60	3.50	3.50	40186 Sherill	17.25	16.50 17.25 +.75
818 Cynsus B	3.80	3.80	3.80	8558 Silco	1.50	1.40 1.40 +.10
1163 Den Fdrrs	18 1/4	18 1/4	18 1/4	2418 Tecum	5.75	5.75 5.75 +.00
7570 Den Stores	18 1/4	18 1/4	18 1/4	405 Unr Kemp	6.75	6.75 6.75 +.00
264 Dixie Div	6 1/4	6 1/4	6 1/4	12213 W Alines	4.00	3.85 4.00 +.15
255 Eaton	13 1/4	13 1/4	13 1/4	19375 Wilmar	3.00	3.00 3.00 +.00
1785 Fenn Play	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	Oil & Gas		
3952 Fenn Play	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	6250 Almmex	4.85	4.80 4.85 +.05
433 Fraser	25.00	25.00	25.00	1166 Clark C	1.25	1.20 1.35 +.15
280 G&L Ind Can	18 1/4	18 1/4	18 1/4	1166 Clark C	1.25	1.20 1.35 +.15
34 G&L L&P	18 1/4	18 1/4	18 1/4	1108 Gt Plain	16.62	16.25 16.40 -.12
34 G&L W	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	1900 NOI Petrol	10.00	9.75 10.00 +.25
131 Gear Trite	1 1/2	1 1/2	1 1/2	31850 Permo	7.00	7.75 7.50 +.45
2500 G&L Sid	2.00	2.00	2.00	14250 Ranger	1.14	1.05 1.09 -.04
430 H&B Oil G	34	32	34	8470 Ranger	5.75	5.75 5.75 +.00
2518 Hur & Erie	12	12	12	8281 Trint	1.15	1.03 1.18 +.15
1950 Ind Accept	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2	21540 W Alines	3.15	3.00 3.15 +.15
4140 Inland Gas	8 1/4	8 1/4	8 1/4			
4510 Int L Lin	6 1/4	6 1/4	6 1/4			
1785 J&J	6 1/4	6 1/4	6 1/4			
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1785 J&J	6 1/4	6 1/4	6 1/4			

Montreal Stocks

65 Algoma	17%	12	12
100 Asbestos	25	25%	25

10	1159 OHSF Ind	3.20	3.00	3.15	-15	1918 Bank Mont	14.00	14.00	14.05	+5
11	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1919 Bank of Am	32.00	31.00	31.00	-10
12	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1920 Can Cammi	32.00	31.00	31.00	-10
13	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1400 Can Ind	3.65	3.50	3.50	-10
14	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1400 Can Ind	3.65	3.50	3.50	-10
15	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
16	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
17	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
18	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
19	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
20	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
21	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
22	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
23	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
24	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
25	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
26	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
27	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
28	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
29	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
30	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
31	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
32	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
33	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
34	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
35	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
36	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
37	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
38	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
39	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
40	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
41	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
42	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
43	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
44	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
45	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
46	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
47	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
48	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
49	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
50	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
51	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
52	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
53	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
54	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
55	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
56	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
57	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
58	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
59	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
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61	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
62	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
63	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
64	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
65	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
66	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
67	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
68	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
69	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
70	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
71	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
72	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
73	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
74	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
75	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
76	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
77	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
78	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
79	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
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81	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
82	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
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103	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
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107	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
108	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
109	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
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121	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
122	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50	-4	1119 Can Bait	17.00	16.00	16.00	-10
123	1046 DSWH A	12.50	13.00	12.50						

French Living Costs

PARIS, May 29.—The French cost of living rose 0.5 percent

April, the Finance Ministry reported today, compared to 0.4 percent in both March and February and 0.8 percent in January. The increase of 259 articles, based on 11

European Gold Markets

May 29, 1978

	Open	Close	Change
London	35.50	35.50	—0.
Zurich	35.60	35.50	—0.
Paris 112.0 dollars	35.25	35.25	—0.

U.S. dollars per ounce.

Bank Stocks

B/d. Asf

Am. B.F. ...	51 ³ / ₄	52
y Tr.	65	75
icago Corp. ,	—	—
at Boston ...	57 ¹ / ₄	58
ust Co.	52	5

One Dollar—

ONE DOLLAR
per month, regardless of

Austrian shillings.....	25.80
Belgian francs.....	49.66
British pound (\$ per £).....	2.40
Danish crowns.....	7.45
Dutch guilders.....	3.60
Finish marks.....	5.55
French franc.....	4.15
German marks.....	3.65
Greek drachmae.....	30.00
Italian lire.....	628.94
Mexican pesos.....	12.50
Norwegian crowns.....	7.15
Portuguese escudo.....	68.50
Spanish pesetas.....	25.61
Swedish crowns.....	5.15
Swiss francs.....	4.31

The above rates are rounded off.
 *Includes buying rates on local
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				High	Low			
1970	Stocks and Bonds	Sis.	Net Change	High	Low	Stocks and Bonds	Sis.	100s, First, High Low Last, Ch'ge

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After One War and a 'Robbery', It's Time for Serious Matters

MEXICO CITY, May 29 (AP)—Russia and Mexico open one of the world's most exciting, most passionate and most hotly debated sporting events at noon Sunday with the kick-off of the first of 32 games to decide the world soccer championship.

No other single sport arouses such international fever, such nationalism, such pride as does the world tournament for the Jules Rimet Cup.

National passion will reach fantastic heights by June 21 when one country stands dominant over the world of soccer. In that champion's wake will be the hopes and dreams of millions of soccer fanatics and 330 deeply disappointed players from 15 other teams.

Once every four years since 1930—with time out for war—this tournament has been held for a golden trophy, which in cash terms is worth only a bit more than \$2,000.

Millions Spent for the Prestige But so much prestige rides with that trophy that soccer

playing countries have expended millions of dollars preparing their entries.

For the individual player the cup means he becomes a national hero. It also means a pile of money in commercial endorsements, personal appearances and exhibition matches.

England won the trophy for the first time in 1966 in London. Alf Ramsey, the coach, became Sir Alf Ramsey immediately afterward when Queen Elizabeth II touched his shoulder with a sword to honor the triumph. Bobby Moore, the team captain, accepted for the entire 22-man squad the Order of the British Empire.

The World Cup, like all international events, has its controversies and its shocks. The biggest this year has been the detention in Bogota, Colombia, of Moore. A jewelry shop owner accused him of hitting a \$1,500 bracelet while his team was in Colombia for tuneup matches.

Central American War

Last year El Salvador and Honduras were battling on the soccer field for the right to advance in the elimination rounds. A few days later, after

Salvador won, they were battling on the battlefield in a three-day war that still has Central America in a turmoil.

More than just sports is at stake. Mexican President Gustavo Diaz Ordaz went through the formal ceremony of giving

the Mexican flag to the national team. But he went a bit further than most presidents have in such ceremonies.

"I don't believe in the old saying about competition for the sake of competition. I want you to compete to win. To play,

as the boys say, until death to win."

Eliminations started throughout the world shortly after England's controversial victory in 1966. England defeated West Germany in overtime on a disputed goal that hit the crossbar and bounced on the goal line. The referee ruled that it hit on the goal side of the line.

The sixteen teams which qualified for the "Mexico 70" tournament were divided by lot into four groups for round-robin play. The two top teams from each group will advance to the quarter-finals. England qualified automatically by being defending champion. Mexico gained entry as the host country.

England and Brazil have been established as favorites. The strongest darkhorses are West Germany, Czechoslovakia, Italy and Uruguay.

Brazil Could Retire It

Brazil, one of the world's soccer powers for years, has won the trophy twice and could retire it with a victory this time. So could other two-time winners, Italy and Uruguay.

An untold number of people—the estimates are close to 700 million—will see some of the games on live television beamed throughout the world.

A coin toss will decide whether Mexico or the Soviet Union puts a foot to the ball first. But in either case the 107,247 fans in Aztec Stadium at night will be cheering one thing: "Me-he-co. Me-he-co. Me-he-co."

U.S. Falls

The United States, which has never made it to a final in soccer, was eliminated early by Haiti, which in turn lost to El Salvador.

The United States had failed to qualify as one of the 16 finalists since 1950 when the Americans finished tenth in the tournament won by Uruguay. The best U.S. showing was in the first world tournament in 1930 with a third place.

Rules for soccer—the origin of the word is a mystery—are the same throughout the world but often European referees interpret them differently than do Latin American referees. The sport is governed by the International Federation of Football Associations.

GROUP ONE (at Mexico City)

Mexico, host country, has qualified in all eight World Cup tournaments but has never reached the top four rounds. Has shown good form in recent exhibition games and will have the advantage of playing on home grounds and before a sympathetic crowd.

The Soviet Union makes its fourth straight appearance in the World Series. Always competitive, the Russians make up in strength what they lack in initiative and creativity. In their last few games they have not been scored upon but neither have they scored much. Favored to enter the quarter-finals along with Mexico. Belgium has failed to impress despite victories here. Hard put to beat the local America team, 2-1, the Belgians showed a weak midfield and attack. El Salvador is a newcomer to world competition. It has displayed enthusiasm but not much polish.

GROUP TWO (at Puebla-Toluca)

Italy, world champion in 1934 and 1938, has since had a history of inconsistency, fielding good teams that never made it to the finals. With a roster of fine individual players this year, Italy should reach at least the quarter-finals. Uruguay won the cup in 1930 and 1950 and looms as a serious contender in Group Two. Sweden has disappointed observers for its lack of scoring punch. In their only exhibition game here, the Swedes played to a scoreless tie with Toluca of Mexico. The speed is there, the finishing touch does not seem to be. Israel is another newcomer to world competition. Its outlook was described

by coach Emanuel Shefer: "Italy, Sweden and Uruguay came here to win. Israel came to learn."

GROUP THREE (at Guadalajara)

England, the defending world champion, retains many of the men who won the cup in 1966 and, though relatively unimpressive in recent performances, will be tough to beat. Brazil is one of the favorites to win the title as it did in 1958 and 1962. It hosts the famous Pelé, who will be playing in his fourth World Series. But years leave their mark and Pelé will need much help from his teammates if he is to carry the cup back to Brazil. Czechoslovakia, a squad of no-nonsense professionals who are preparing for the tournament with strict single-mindedness, will be tough opponents for England and Brazil. Romania, weakest of the Group Three teams, is a lightweight but could be a spoiler.

GROUP FOUR (at Leon)

West Germany, like England, is fielding many of the men who played in the 1966 tournament, including the indefatigable Uwe Seeler, who will be playing in his fourth straight World Series. Looking for the Germans are odds-on favorites to move into the quarter-finals and go even farther. Bulgaria has possibly been training at half-speed, which is better than the top speed of many a contestant here. Barring a major upset, it should join West Germany in the quarter-finals. Peru qualified for cup play for the first time but is considered middle caliber, in view of the competition this year. Morocco, according to coach Blagovir Vidinic, is satisfied merely to be here (it qualified on the toss of a coin after tying with Tunisia in three straight games). The Moroccans appear to have little chance of advancing.

HEAT WAVE—A.J. Foyt's Ford throws heat in trial run.

Fastest Field Ever Awaits Indy '500'

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 29 (AP)—The fastest field in more than half a century of auto racing at Indianapolis is awaiting the start of the 500-mile race at the Indy Speedway.

The 33 cars that qualified in two weeks of trials averaged 163.73 miles an hour. At Unser, driver and owner, split \$802,127, with Andretti and Anthony Granatelli earning \$306,727.

The race is scheduled to start at 12 noon EDT (1000 GMT). Official standings won't be posted until 8 a.m. Sunday.

Joining Al Unser in the first row are Foyt and Johnny Rutherford. Foyt, 32-year-old Rutherford came from

Albuquerque, and Foyt, one other former winner is in this year's field—Mario Andretti, the 1969 champ from Nazareth, Pa.

Andretti holds the record average for running the race, 156.867 miles an hour, for the 200 laps around the oval track.

A purse expected to top \$325,000 will be divided Sunday night at the traditional victory dinner. Last year, drivers and owners split \$802,127, with Andretti and Anthony Granatelli earning \$306,727.

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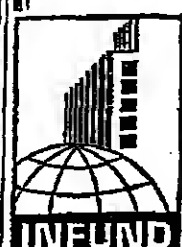
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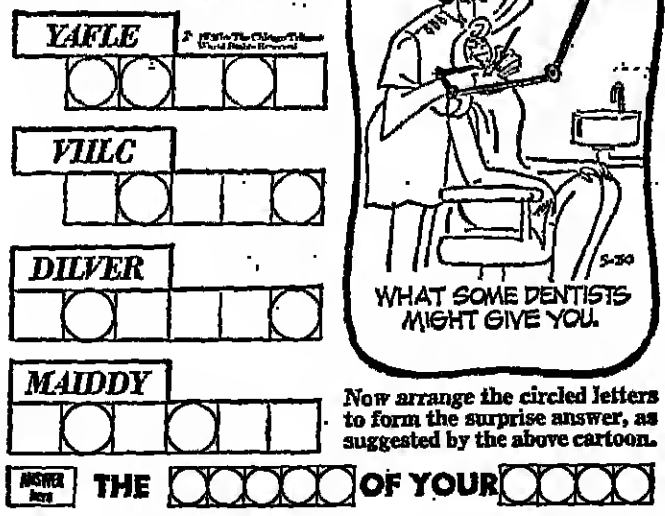


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Yesterday's Jumbles: BIPED YODEL VIRTUE CONVOY
Answer: This leaves no one out!—EVERYBODY



BOOKS

WOMAN'S PLACE:

Options and Limits in Professional Careers

By Cynthia Fuchs Epstein. University of California Press. 221 pp. \$6.95.

Reviewed by Clara Claiborne Park

A MAN I know had something of a shock the other day, talking with his five-year-old daughter, when she told him she wanted to be a nurse. "Wouldn't you like to be a doctor?" asked her father. "You know I can't be a doctor, Daddy. I'm a girl."

Cynthia Fuchs Epstein would not share this father's surprise. Her book explains why little girls think that, and it organizes a great deal of information that should shock fathers of good will. Did you know that—

The percentage of women college teachers is less than two-thirds what it was in 1920? That the percentage of women doctors in America has only recently caught up with the figure it attained in 1910? That women comprise 8 percent of the total of American engineers, as compared to 38 percent in the Soviet Union? That 36 percent of Soviet lawyers, 40 percent of judges, 75 percent of doctors, 83 percent of dentists are women? That, in short, "in spite of astounding advances in the legal and social position of women, American women who have chosen careers in the elite professions are as deviant in 1968 as they were in 1893?"

Assistant professor of sociology at Queens College, Dr. Epstein is probably a wife and mother as well, since statistics indicate that 97 percent of the women in her generation are, have been, or will be married. But she has prudently omitted this information from the jacket of a headline like that cited in her text, "Grandmother Wins Nobel Prize?"

She has written a fair, full survey; nobody will be able to fault her for being shrill or pushy. Indeed, this brand-new book already seems a little old-fashioned; there is only a single glancing, uncapitalized reference to "women's liberation," and the sudden swell of pent-up bitterness seems to have caught her by surprise. Here is the scholar's cool, reinforced by long-conditioned feminine realism. She can make explicit without outrage what everybody knows, that "there is a preference for men in all professions, and men are valued more and no people wish to have sons." She notes as a fact of life that, although the conceptions of man's and woman's work differ from society to society, strictly male tasks, whatever they are, are always defined as more honorable.

The surveys without unseemly excitement the attitudes impeding women's performance in the professions, beginning with the girl child who reaches school age perfectly familiar with society's evaluation of her importance and has already begun to share it.

Dr. Epstein understands very well how many of the limitations of her book's title are self-imposed, including the self-imposed characteristic of subordinate groups as they accept the dominant group's stereotypes.

Indeed, there is so much material here for a section on "Woman as Nigger" that it is a pity she kept too cool to write it. She knows that the worst of social definitions is that they lock the subordinate groups ever tighter into the deforming stereotypes. People—girls, Negroes—may indeed grow up lazy and without commitment if they see no scope for the demanding virtues expected of the dominant group, especially if these virtues (drive, ambition) are reinterpreted as vices when encountered in someone female or black.

The bright college girl is a guidance counselor's nightmare, her expectation of the future vague and contradictory, relaxed by the unspoken knowledge that she will marry and leave the big decisions to somebody else. Dr. Epstein does not conceal the real stake the upper-middle-class woman has in a system which allows her comfort and prestige resulting from her male's hard work not her own. One of the most insidious injuries done to women (as to blacks) is the lowering of standards of which they are the apparent beneficiaries. Even if a woman is trained to a profession, the "key word" is "reversion," a decision to give up working will probably meet with more social support than any arrangement to harmonize her work and home life, especially in a time in which marriage is *de rigueur* and large families considered a social duty for the educated woman. That time may now be drawing to a close; nobody can second-guess the sexual sociology of the seventies.

But for the present this book will be a good guide to the way things are; how a woman may plan life so as to achieve within her limitations; and perhaps even to stretch them for those who come after. "Woman's Place" is only intermittently quotable, and has its share of social jargon. It would still be an excellent present for the sweet girl graduate of 1970, or for well-intentioned young couples who do not suspect what disciplined planning is necessary to secure a life that includes professional satisfaction for them both.

Clara Claiborne Park teaches literature at the Berkshire Community College in Pittsfield, Mass. This review was written for Book World, literary supplement of The Washington Post.

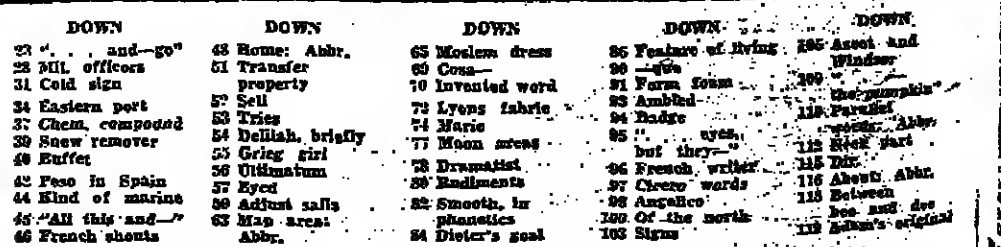
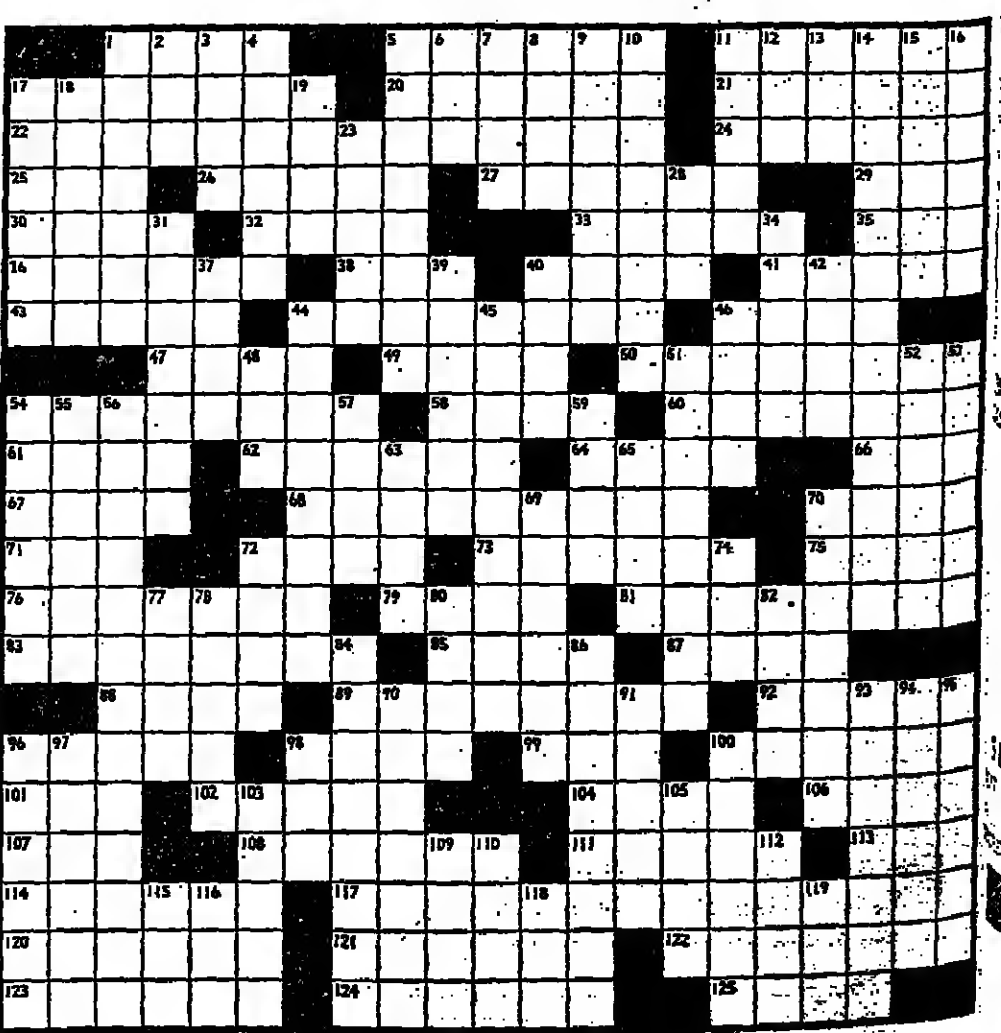
Belgian Artist Wins Miro Drawing Prize

BARCELONA, May 30 (AP).—Belgian artist Jean Marc Nevez was awarded the ninth international Joan Miro drawing prize here yesterday. The award was announced at the opening of an exhibition of more than 600 drawings. Jindrich Boska of Czechoslovakia and Elio Martini of Italy were awarded honorable mentions.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Edited by WILL WENG

CHOICE WORDS—By Jean Reed



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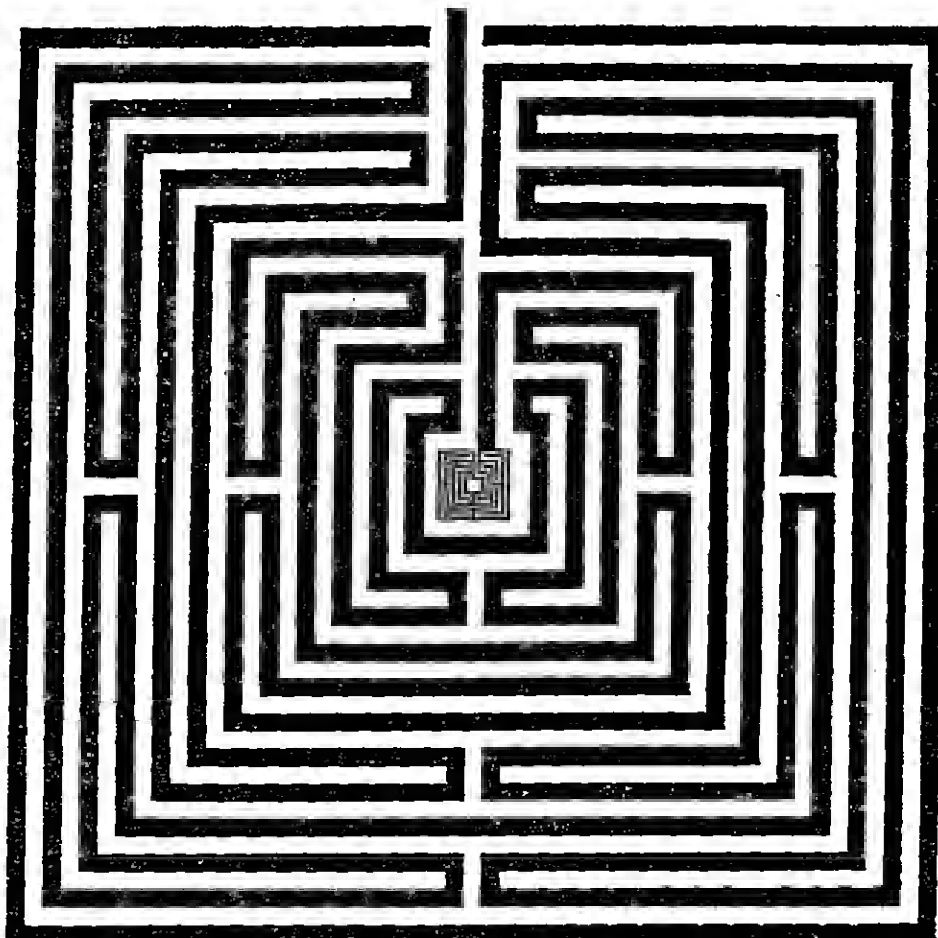
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This is a new position offering considerable scope to a dynamic and enterprising individual who can demonstrate an expert knowledge of European advertising and sales promotion problems.

The successful candidate, who will report directly to the European Vice-President, ideally should possess the following qualifications:

- 4 to 5 years' experience in a recognized European advertising agency or in the advertising department of an international consumer product company
- a working knowledge of English, German and French.
- willingness to live in Brussels and to travel frequently throughout Europe
- aged between 27 and 33

Previous experience in the food or restaurant industries would be a particular advantage.

Applications which will be treated in the strictest confidence should be sent to:

Mr Adolf Jochnick,
Vice-President
Kentucky Fried Chicken International
Avenue de Tervuren 36 • 1040 Brussels

Kentucky Fried Chicken Inc. is the largest convenience food organization in the world.

Overseas Marketing

NAIROBI

An international British company, with a large number of brand leaders, is planning a major expansion of its business in East Africa. A Manager is required to build from this existing business through the creation and execution of marketing plans (including supervision and motivation of sales agencies) and the extension of local manufacturing. He will also be responsible for forward planning.

Overseas marketing experience would be an advantage but the opportunity presented may also interest U.K. marketing men who wish to broaden their experience into general management.

Benefits include realistic salary, overseas allowance, company car and house and other generous conditions.

(Ref.: B4000/INT Marketing Nairobi)

Replies will be forwarded direct, unopened and in confidence to the client unless addressed to our Security Manager listing companies to which they may not be sent. They should include comprehensive career details, not refer to previous correspondence with P.A., quote the reference on the envelope and be sent to:

P.A. Advertising Limited,
2 Albert Gate, London S.W.1.
Telephone: 81-235 6060.

REGIONAL SALES MANAGER
EUROPE

Outstanding career opportunity with leading U.S. and European manufacturer of commercial and institutional products. Candidate should have 10 to 20 years sales experience with at least five of past 10 years in Europe. Must be able to assist in planning and supervising of sales promotion and advertising, sales forecasting, marketing objectives and strategy, market research, distributor management, and other general business functions required in international marketing.

Ideal candidate would be educated and trained in U.S., now lives in Europe, speaks German and has reasonable familiarity with Italian and Spanish, would be willing to travel.

We offer an excellent starting salary with a complete fringe benefit package. If your background meets the above requirements, please send resume with salary requirements to:

Box D 1,851, International Herald Tribune, Paris.

INTERNATIONAL MARKETING EXECUTIVE

Do you consider yourself
a dynamic and experienced
marketing executive?

We are a well known American Consumer goods Company. Our Marketing Team in Brussels will supervise the Sales and the Marketing Activities in Europe.

If you have been in a similar position and if you are willing to work hard, please send your detailed curriculum vitae and we will be in touch with you within one week.

English and French is required. Additional languages (Spanish and Italian) are of advantage. Candidates must be available soon.

Send your C.V. to:

S.A. Liget & Myers Tabacco Company N.V.

Mr. F.O. SOMMER, Managing Director,
Place du Champ de Mars, 5, 1050 Brussels-B, Belgium.

Due to the promotion of three of its agents to the position of General Agent in the U.S., our European Agency, serving the military insurance market is looking for qualified men to fill these positions. The earnings of each of these men have been in excess of \$35,000 annually and their territories are, as of this date, unassigned. Requirements: Sixteen years experience and one year of successful sales experience within the last five years. Send resume to: United American Life Insurance Co. Attention: Rudolf C. Tisch, Director of European Operations, 75 Karlsruhe St., Postfach 16, Germany.

ADMINISTRATOR
American executive, located in Germany, age 40, seeks experienced administrative manager in German speaking environment. Over 10 years in administrative financial-accounting positions with U.S. affiliate overseas. Please German AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY. Write: Box 1138, Herald, Paris.

INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE OPPORTUNITIES
APPEARS EVERY
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY

